

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVIII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1905.

NO. 42

## PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

What They Are Doing and Where They Go

### NEWS AROUND TOWN

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., June 5.—Butter firm at 20 1/2c. Output of the week, 750,000 lbs.

We have up to date shoes. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ames of Waukegan visited relatives here over Sunday.

Negligee shirts and collars, all sizes. Chase Webb.

Joseph Barnstable of Wilmett was calling on Antioch friends Tuesday.

I have the best \$2.10 milk can on the market. Chase Webb.

For Sale—Bee hives and crates. Inquire of B. N. Smith, Leola Lake, Ill. 38w5

Mr. and Mrs. John Welch returned home on Tuesday evening from a trip in the east.

Mrs. S. D. Warner of Salem was calling on Antioch relatives and friends Wednesday.

John W. Swansbrough has been appointed by Mayor Bullock to be Chief of Police of Waukegan.

Miss Ada Butrick left on Wednesday for Darien, Wis., where she expects to remain for some time.

F. K. Sholliff has accepted a position for the summer as manager at Schenning's Silver Lake resort.

We have some good houses and lots for sale in the village of Antioch. Call and see us. James & Johnson.

Reno and Alvord's combination show will exhibit here on Thursday of this week both afternoon and evening.

New and second hand pianos and sewing machines for sale or rent, or will trade for horses. L. B. Grice. 20tf

Dr. Bremkin will occupy the office formerly occupied by Dr. Karr, situated over Gollwitzer's barber shop.

There will be dances at McMahon's hall at Lake Villa, every Wednesday evening during the months of June, July and August. Music will be furnished by the Antioch orchestra.

On Sunday morning at the M. E. church the pastor will preach a memorial sermon before Lake Lodge I. O. O. F. Everyone is invited to the service. Regular service in the evening at 8:00 o'clock.

There will be an excursion to Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas on Tuesday, June 20. The fare for the round trip will be one fare plus two dollars. For further information write or call on George E. Webb Antioch Ill.

Weather report for the month of May 1905, warmest day was 85 degrees on the 4th, coldest day was 35 degrees on the 9th, total rain fall 6 1/2 inches, greatest in 24 hours 2 1/2 inches on the 11th. Rain fall of May 1904 was 1 90-100. May 1903 8 1/2. May 1902 7 1/2 inches.

Sunday morning between nine and ten o'clock the south bound passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul struck a top buggy, one mile north of Deerfield, in which were Mr. and Mrs. William Bartmus, killing Mrs. Bartmus almost instantly and severely injuring her husband.

If you want northern land, now is the time to purchase. Get on the ground and see what it will raise. We have the agency for land in Marinette and Menominee counties, Mich., Barron and Taylor counties, Wis., better go up after the "Fourth" and see the country. Round trip for one fare. James & Johnson.

Lessons on the Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar and Mandolin and instruction in Harmony may be had at the studio of Prof. O. A. Linnerren, Antioch. Can furnish the above instruments carefully selected, and at low prices. The piano handled is high grade and unsurpassed in beauty of tone, evenness of scale, workmanship and durability. Prof. O. A. Linnerren. 32m6

The North Chicago Savings Bank has been reorganized as a State bank and under this classification business will be transacted on and after June 1, 1905. A state inspector has examined the affairs of the bank. The change is a tribute to the prosperity of the city and to the able manner in which the affairs of the bank are being conducted. The capital is now \$25,000. The officers are: President, C. E. Saylor; Vice President, R. S. Grice (formerly of this place) Cashier, C. Wachter.

Again we have our 25 cent Tamoka coffee. Chase Webb.

Mrs. Lewis of Waukegan is visiting with her son, E. J. Lewis and family.

We have a fresh line of canned goods, all kinds. Chase Webb.

Elmer Gullidge has accepted a position in Swan's drug store for the summer.

Summer suits made to order. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. Chase Webb.

Mrs. Charley Ames of Denver, Colorado, is visiting with relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

Go to Brompton & Shultz for home made corn beef, in half barrel lot. Guaranteed good or money returned.

Ira Soule went to Graylake on Monday of this week, where he has the contract for laying a number of cement sidewalks in that village.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brompton were Chicago visitors the fore part of the week. Mrs. Brompton remained for a short visit with relatives and friends.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Antioch M. E. church will hold its annual Missionary Tea and Thank Offering in the church on Thursday June 15. Program begins at 2:00 o'clock, address by Miss Bass, National organizer. Rev. Cleworth will talk on his own experience as a Frontier Preacher. Supper will be served in the basement from five to seven. Free will offering. Mrs. McDougall, Pres.

The silver medal contest under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, took place on Thursday evening of last week. A large number were present and every one pronounced the selections as being exceptionally good. The contestants were: Elva Didama, Goldie Davis, Inez Dalziel, Belle Hughes, Ermine Carey, Helen Carey, and Ruth Seymour. The selections were all well chosen and each was delivered in the speakers' own particular style. The silver medal was awarded to Miss Ermine Carey of Wilmett, whose selection was entitled, "The Boy Orator of Sparta City." Miss Carey won highest honors this year in the Wisconsin state league with the same selection.

## NARROWLY ESCAPES DROWNING

Last Wednesday evening, says the McHenry Plaindealer, between the hours of seven and eight, Mrs. J. J. Schaefer of Chicago, who, in company with her husband, came out from Chicago on the above mentioned evening for a few days' outing at Buch's summer resort, had an experience which she will remember for some time to come.

It seems that Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer had just started out for a boat ride and had gone but a short distance when Mrs. Schaefer, who had picked up the stool on which she had been sitting, preparatory to moving back farther in the boat, lost her balance and pitched forward out of the boat. Her husband, who was doing the rowing, at a glance realized the imminent danger his wife was in, but became so frenzied with fright that he was utterly helpless to save her. stood in the boat shouting for help at the top of his voice. Anton Newmann, who was standing on the bridge at the time of the accident, immediately ran to the rescue of the drowning woman, in which he succeeded, after she had come up for the second time. When rescued Mrs. Schaefer was unconscious, but was revived in a few minutes.

The experience is one which Mrs. Schaefer has no wish to repeat and not until she was fully revived did she fully realize the close call she had had. The accident created quite a bit of excitement and, before the young lady had fully recovered a large crowd had congregated at the scene of the accident.

### Will Mary Her Sixth.

Grace Snell Coffin-Coffin-Walker-Coffin-Layman is reported about to venture on matrimony again. Chicago friends of the daughter of Almo J. Snell have received word from Los Angeles, California, where Grace Snell Coffin-Coffin-Walker-Coffin-Layman is now living, that she is engaged to a young Californian, Mack Love. The nuptials are expected soon.

According to a Los Angeles woman, Mr. Mack is a "handsome boy, about 27 years old, with a little money, and who tries to write, but no one ever finds it out except when told about it." The woman who gave out the news of the engagement is a former Chicagoan who is a bosom friend of Mrs. Grace Snell Coffin-Coffin-Walker-Coffin-Layman.

No Buttons in Japan. Sewing on buttons is not a widely duty in Japan—there are no buttons.

## BIG LOSSES BY STORMS

Storms Visited Wisconsin Which Cause Floods

### ROADS UNDER WATER

Many Buildings are Demolished, Crops Laid Waste and Two Persons Have Been Drowned

Storms, cloudbursts and floods inflicted widespread destruction throughout the state Tuesday, and the losses will reach several hundred thousand dollars. The greatest havoc in the state was wrought at Fond du Lac, where the city is battling with the worst flood in its history. Nineteen thoroughfares in Fond du Lac itself are covered with water. Basements and residences are flooded, business and manufacturing firms will suffer heavily. The damage thus far is estimated at \$100,000 in Fond du Lac, with a loss probably of twice that sum in the country districts surrounding.

The flood is the result of a storm which started Saturday and continued until Tuesday. Water on several of the West Side streets is from seven to ten feet deep. One hundred thousand feet of logs in rafts broke away and were carried into the lake, destroying and damaging several boats. Seven washouts are reported on the Wisconsin Central, and five on the Chicago & Northwestern. The St. Paul road has not moved a train in or out of the city since Monday night. Two hotels in the flooded district can be reached only by boat.

Another place which has suffered heavily is Sheboygan Falls, where a cloudburst and a flood caused \$50,000 damage. The Sheboygan River has been swelled to a higher point than ever before was known. About midnight the water began to break over the bank on Buffalo street, one block west of the City Hotel. It flowed south a block to Bridge street, which it flooded for two blocks. The water rose rapidly, gouging out the pavements and undermining the Northwestern railroad tracks for 300 feet. All the factory yards are under water and warehouses were damaged and bridges swept away. Small places near Sheboygan tell of losses amounting to thousands of dollars, while Janesville reports \$75,000 damage in the country.

At Eau Claire the Chippewa River has risen nineteen feet above low water mark. Seven factories have been forced to shut down. The Eau Claire Water Company's wells are submerged and the only water supply is unfit for domestic use. The property loss is placed at \$10,000.

At Chippewa Falls the river has risen two feet above the danger line and houses and barns are flooded. Clarence Cleave, a log driver, and Paul Labounty, a school boy, were drowned.

At Barron four bridges within the city limits have been swept away, while at Paskin and Prairie Farm grist and planing mills are ruined. The total loss is \$15,000. At Chilton 600 acres of planted corn have been ruined by heavy rains, and at Appleton the entire country is under water.

Other states suffered from the storm and much destruction is reported. At Villa Grove, Ill., a severe storm on Monday did much damage to crops, destroyed one residence and damaged six others. The loss is placed from \$10,000 to \$20,000.

Wabash, Ind., reports a furious wind and rain storm struck the town Monday night, which blocked many streets with blown-down trees and damaging buildings.

At Michigan City, Ind., damage was done by a great wave.

At Ionia, Mich., heavy loss to property has been under by storm and flood. The electric light and gas plants are closed and Ionia is completely shut off from the outside world.

Two railroad accidents, attended by loss of life, have occurred near Ionia, caused by washouts. Engineer W. Alvord and Fireman H. Payne of Ionia were killed and Brakemen Coffey and Neely injured when a Pere Marquette train ran into a washout near the state reformatory. A west-bound train from Detroit on the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad ran into a washout at Tibbitts Creek.

At Grand Rapids the Grand river is more than a foot above the danger line, and Director Schneider of the weather bureau said there would be a further rise of three feet within twenty-four hours. A flood equal in extent to that of 1904 is feared.

### Notice.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me for horse service will please leave the money at Bank of Antioch and take receipt for same. G. DeWitt Stanton. 40w3

### May Change Army Uniforms.

Trials are now being made in the German army as to whether the blue and dark uniforms of the infantry had better be exchanged for gray clothes.

## Exchange Screenings.

In a little more than ten years the wealth of Chicago University has grown from nothing to \$17,047,915.

The corner stone for Barrington's new school was laid Friday afternoon, May 19 with appropriate ceremonies.

Barrington and Wauconda have announced that the glorious Fourth will be fittingly observed in their respective towns.

In 1830 John Jacob Astor was the only man in New York who was worth \$1,000,000. Now the entire Astor estate is approaching the \$1,000,000,000 mark.

Charles M. Schwab's palatial residence in New York, which will cost \$9,000,000 when completed, will revert to the city when he and his wife are dead. It will be a museum.

Statistics published in Spain state that during 1904 nearly 12,000 bulls were killed in bull fights. The bulls killed about 10,000 horses. The best and most valuable bulls for the arena are raised on the vast estates of the duke of Vergara in Andalusia who has made a fortune out of the business.

A tramp who stole a valuable gold watch from a small boy, a son of Anthony Machek a farmer of Racine county, Wis., was chased by a posse of angry farmers, caught and given a whipping. Then a ramp court was formed, which ruled he be kicked out of that section. The sentence was duly carried out, each of the heavy-booted farmers taking a turn.

A married woman in this town told some of her girl friends that she had to quit dancing and when they asked her why, she said her husband objected to it. They asked her what objection he had and she replied that he says "I don't want any other man to have his arms around my wife's waist." One of the girls spoke up O Gee, the more the merrier.

It is reported that one of the fastidious newly married ladies of a North Dakota town kneads bread with her gloves on, whereupon the leading editor of that town remarks that "the editor needs bread with his shoes on; he needs bread with his pants on; and unless the delinquent subscribers to this Old Flag of Freedom pony up before long he will need bread without a darn' thing on; and North Dakota is no garden of Eden in the Springtime."

The size of the smokestacks of some of the steamships which leave New York is an interesting topic among the folks along the shore. A convincing proof of their size is seen in this comparison. The new East river tunnel which the Pennsylvania railroad is about to build is about the same diameter as the funnels of the Lucania and Campania, that is 21 feet. It seems hard to realize that two trains of cars could run side by side through the stacks of either of these vessels.

June of this year is the month in which the state census is taken. The government census is taken every ten years in years ending with a cipher, the state census which is also taken every ten years is taken in years ending with a five. The work is done by the town city or village clerks on blanks furnished by the secretary of state. The clerks are empowered to appoint assistants to help in the work if they deem it necessary to do so. Any person over twenty years of age is liable to a fine of \$25 if he refuses to answer the questions of the census takers.

No new horses have arrived for some time at the Trotting association grounds but two stables are expected soon. The Woodlawn Stock farm people have notified the superintendent that they will have a string there under Mat Hoag by the end of the week and Dr. Brophy has rented thirteen stalls for use by his Fox Lake stable which is looked for most any time. The association has practically finished its water system and the continuous circuit motor pump which is a triple cylinder five horse power machine is now in working order and power for running the motor is from the electric road, connections being made with the trolley.

Harvard Independent—W. J. Nolan of this city was a victim of a peculiar mishap Tuesday afternoon while engaged in burning brush on his farm in West Alden. Mr. Nolan was working hard, and becoming warmed up he took off his coat and vest and laid them down carefully near a stump. Later on when he went to look for his things nothing could be found but a handful of ashes. The only article of value in the pockets was his watch, which was found to be slightly scorched, but apparently none the worse. Sparks from the burning brush evidently set fire to the things, for Mr. Nolan put them some distance from the burning brush. When he returned home that night minus a portion of his wearing apparel he had to do some tall explaining.

### The Sixth Sense.

Klecker—What is the sixth sense. Bocker—Horse sense.

## HAD RIDE FOR LIFE

Aged Man Had a Narrow Escape From Death

### MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Unable to Open Vestibule Door, Aged Man Clings to the Coach For a Long Distance

With muscles strained to their utmost, almost to the limit of physical endurance, Friday an old man was removed at Zion City from the rear steps of one of the vestibuled coaches of a North-Western limited train going north. He had perhaps the wildest and most daring ride that it is possible for a man to take, clinging for over six miles to the hand rail of the coach to which he could not gain entrance, his feet with barely a hold on the steps of the car, which was going at a high rate of speed.

The man was gray haired and bearded. He bought a ticket for Kenosha at the Waukegan station and stopped to talk to the agent. Meantime the train that he desired to take, the 3:47, started and he bolted out of the waiting room in time to seize the hand rail of the last car. Struggling, he got his feet on the steps also, and was all aboard for the exciting trip of his life.

The door of the rear coach when vestibuled is always kept closed as are both sides of the car. No one ever comes back there, and that is how the man was able to ride clear to Zion City before being discovered.

He was perceived by the depot policeman and office force at Waukegan and a message was sent on to Beach, too late to have the limited stopped. The Beach operator transmitted the message to Zion City and here the limited was signaled and slowed down.

The man was almost under the train. His hands had stiffened and had to be loosened from the rail. He was barely able to hang on and a few miles more of the wild ride would have meant a fall for him that might have proved fatal.

At Beach he narrowly scaled the coal station, which is close to the track. He must have avoided it by the space of barely two inches.

Each County Entitled to Scholarship. Provisions are made by the laws of Illinois for scholarships in the state university to be awarded certain students in the public schools in each county who are eligible.

Conferred upon them by the winning of one of these scholarships is the right to receive four years of instruction in any of the undergraduate courses of the University of Illinois. Superintendent Baylis has arranged examinations for each county and further information may be obtained on application to County Superintendent Gagin.

Girls as well as boys are eligible but all must be at least 16 years old and must have been a resident of the county for at least one year preceding the examination. Candidates are expected to provide themselves with foolscap and lead pencils. The examination covers algebra, English, plain geometry, history, Latin, German, French, zoology, chemistry and physics.

### A County Normal.

If the plans of County Superintendent of Schools, F. N. Gagin carry, there will be held either at Libertyville or Graylake, beginning about July 10, a county normal. This is without doubt welcome news to those teachers who find it impossible to pursue a course of work away from home. Either of the places mentioned are accessible to rural teachers on account of their central location. The plan of work will be both academic and lecture, and a good instructor will be secured to aid the Superintendent in the work. The plan contemplates a general survey of the common branches in their adaptation to the state course of study and the proper use of the text in general use in the rural and smaller graded schools. A tuition of four dollars will be charged and it will be possible for many teachers to board at home. It goes without saying that any teacher availing himself of this opportunity will derive much good that will reflect creditably on her subsequent work.

### For County Treasurer.

Deputy County Treasurer Fred Ames announced his candidacy for the office of County Treasurer. Mr. Ames has been in the Treasurer's office for five years, is thoroughly conversant with the work and withal enjoys a wide acquaintance and popularity throughout the county. Mr. Ames will make an aggressive campaign and will be a strong candidate.

Supervisor George B. Stephens, of Newport, is it is understood a candidate for the same office. Mr. Stephens has been a member of the Board for years and will poll a good vote.

Both gentlemen are starting early in the race as the nomination will not be made until next year.—Waukegan Gazette.

### Postmistress Short \$2,500.

Mrs. Adele Barnes, who for seven years has been postmistress at Delavan, Wis., is short in her accounts over \$2,500 and the office is now in charge of her bondsmen, John Delaney and Mayor Ambrose Hare, two wealthy residents of Delavan. Every effort is being made to settle and prevent Mrs. Barnes being prosecuted by the federal authorities.

The defalcation has caused a sensation throughout the congressional district and already Congressman H. A. Cooper has received applications for the position. Postoffice inspectors have for some time believed that Mrs. Barnes was short in her accounts, but although they made repeated visits and inspected the books no shortage was found until Monday, when Inspector George Podenbeck, without giving notice to the postmistress, visited Delavan and discovered the shortage.

Mrs. Barnes was overcome and was unable to make good the amount, but friends will assist her. She is the divorced wife of D. B. Barnes, a prominent attorney of Delavan, and has twice been appointed to the position despite the fact that several sought the office, which pays a salary of \$2,000. Mrs. Barnes refuses to make a statement for publication.

### Jealous Lover Hurts Two.

Sunday night on the road eight miles northeast of Woodstock, Del Dasso shot and probably fatally wounded Charles Peet and seriously injured Lena Harrison, his companion. Dasso was a rejected suitor of Miss Harrison and followed them in a buggy as they were returning from church at Greenwood to their home at Ringwood. He passed them on the road, tied his horse to a fence and demanded that the woman leave Peet's carriage and get into his.

She refused and he opened fire with a revolver, striking Peet just over the heart and the woman in the mouth. The injured man and woman were taken to a nearby farmhouse and a doctor summoned. The woman will recover, but Peet is in a precarious condition.

Dasso, the assailant, who is a son of John Dasso, of Hebron, disappeared, leaving his rig by the roadside, and has not since been seen. It is believed that he either wandered away and shot himself or else jumped into the Nippersink river not far from the scene of the shooting. All of the parties are prominent farmers. The injured woman is a daughter of George Harrison of Ringwood.

## BIG PURSES FOR BIG RACE MEET

A four day race meeting is scheduled to take place at the new Libertyville track, July 4-7, and as will be seen from the following program the classes are the kind that will delight lovers of the sport, and \$6,000 will be hung up in purses.

The meeting antedates other important events throughout Illinois and will attract a great many owners whose horses will then be ready to race but can find no employment for them.

It will make Libertyville the center of attraction July 4. It is probable side attractions and a big pyrotechnical display will be features of the evening, marking the day as being the greatest "4th of July" in Libertyville's history.

### TUESDAY, JULY 4.

2:15 trot, 2 in 3.....\$500  
2:30 trot..... 500  
2:07 pace, 2 in 3..... 500

### WEDNESDAY, JULY 5.

2:20 trot.....\$500  
2:30 pace..... 500  
2:15 pace..... 500

### THURSDAY, JULY 6.

2:25 trot.....\$500  
2:10 pace, 2 in 3..... 500  
2:25 pace..... 500

### FRIDAY, JULY 7.

2:12 trot, 2 in 3.....\$500  
2:45 trot..... 500  
2:45 pace..... 500

It will be noted that but four exceptions are made in the three-in-five system, the 2:07 and 2:10 paces and the 2:15 and 2:12 trots, which are the best two-in-three heats. Entries close June 24.

### Robert Wilkes, 2:00 1/4.

Will make the season of 1905 at my barn in Antioch, and can until further notice, be found there for service, every Monday and Tuesday. Terms \$20.00 to insure. H. Herman.

### Jim H. Medoc.

The Percheron Stallion is registered in the Percheron Stud-book of America and his number is 41077. Is black, foaled in August, 1902, and weighs 1550. A well built colt with good bone and action. His third dam has eight top crosses. Terms—\$8.00 to insure. Can be seen at his home 2 1/2 miles north and 2 miles west of Salem station. For further particulars call on or address J. H. RAYBERRY, 42tf Salem, Wis.



# The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS

A cloudburst occurred at Bellefontaine, Ohio, and the city was flooded. Every street was a raging river and many families were forced from their homes. Hundreds of dollars damage has been wrought to the macadam streets recently built all over the city.

In the Merchants' Bridge case, from St. Louis, the Secretary of War has decided that there is no warrant for the government to take possession of the structure, and that there has been no violation of the contract between the bridge company and the government.

Earl W. Chaffee and John H. Lofland, two of the midshipmen dismissed from the naval academy for hazing, and whose reinstatement subject to examination was authorized by Congress at its last session, will be reappointed to the navy by the President in a few days.

A tornado swept across Binghamton, N. Y. Many houses were blown down. The house of a family of the name of Holder was unroofed, the roof and part of the second story being carried two blocks, where they struck the house of G. C. Barnes, completely demolishing it.

Except in a few scattered localities Missouri was a dry State the other day, Gov. Folk's order to enforce the Sunday closing law being generally observed. In St. Louis only three violators were arrested, and the usual Sunday exodus to the Illinois side of the river was repeated.

President Diaz has appointed Joaquin D'Casasus to be ambassador of Mexico in the United States, to succeed the late Manuel Aspiroz. Mr. D'Casasus is an eminent jurist, litterateur and economist, and was secretary general of the pan-American conference in 1901. He will not take up his new duties before August.

Sarah Kuhn, a murderess of Keokuk, Iowa, died in the Anamosa prison from the effects of concentrated lye taken a month ago with suicidal intent. She was young and beautiful and gave her husband poisoned beer to get rid of him. For five years there has been a fight in the Iowa Legislature to secure a pardon for the girl, who had been serving a life sentence.

On the New Orleans cotton exchange Friday an error in transmitting the government report is said to have cost a sum approximating \$1,000,000. The government crop conditions estimate was 77.2. The telegraph company announced this condition estimate at 75.2. Prices shot up from \$2.14 to \$2.50 for July, or 26 points, at one purchase. Prices later dropped to \$2.17, or 33 points.

The standing of the base ball clubs in the National League is as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
New York...34 10	Chicago...23 24
Pittsburg...26 10	St. Louis...18 25
Philadelphia...22 17	Boston...16 27
Cincinnati...21 22	Brooklyn...15 30

Standing of the American League:

W. L.	W. L.
Cleveland...24 12	Boston...16 27
Chicago...22 16	Washington...17 23
Philadelphia...23 18	St. Louis...12 24
Detroit...20 19	New York...10 23

Standing of the American Association:

W. L.	W. L.
Columbus...20 13	Indianapolis...17 21
Milwaukee...27 14	Kansas City...19 24
Minneapolis...23 18	Toledo...14 27
St. Paul...22 20	Louisville...13 27

Standing of the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Sioux City...24 9	Omaha...17 17
Denver...20 15	St. Joseph...12 21
Des Moines...18 15	Colorado Springs...10 24

## NEWS NUGGETS.

While Henry Davis was being arraigned in Newark, Ohio, for larceny his child drowned. The indictment was quashed.

Three persons were killed and seven were injured in a storm which swept southern Michigan. Many buildings were destroyed by wind.

The will of William Ziegler leaves the bulk of the \$300,000,000 estate to his adopted son, and makes no provision for continuing arctic expeditions.

Native reports have been received at Capetown to the effect that Warmbad, the German headquarters in southwest Africa, has fallen and that the garrison has perished.

Reports have reached Augusta, Ga., that a race riot has occurred at Turner, S. C., in which, it is said, a white man named McLean was killed, his son wounded and three negroes killed.

John Jay Tonkin, millionaire of Oswego, N. Y., offers \$30,000 for the name of the person who for months has terrorized his family by letters demanding sums of money on pain of death to his child.

The czar followed the appointment of Trepoff with dictatorial powers with prohibition of zemstvo congress, inaugurating a stern policy of repression as the answer of the throne to the cry for peace and reform.

Jesse James, son of the famous bandit, was acquitted by a jury in a Kansas City justice court of the charge of exacting usurious interest on a loan. The verdict was that the evidence did not support the charge.

Nels Nelson, butler to Gov. Herrick, was awakened and saw two men in the lower hallway of the Governor's residence in Columbus, Ohio. He called the police, but the men escaped after being shot at twice by the police.

John Tittle, a farmer, and his son James were killed and his daughter, 13 years old, was fatally injured by an express train on a bridge on the Pennsylvania railroad near Harrisburg, Pa. They were going home from Sunday school.

John Pete, the Hillsville, Pa., agent of the Newcastle Brewing Company, was shot and killed while sitting with his wife and four children at luncheon. The bullet came through a window and passed clear through Pete's head. The murderer is not known, nor has any motive for the killing been discovered.

## WHERE RUSSIA'S FLEET WAS WIPED OUT BY TOGO'S WAR SHIPS.



The scene of the great naval fight is shown on the map, with the course of Rojestvensky's ships to the waters in which they were destroyed. The Russians left the China Sea May 24, and, threading the Bashee channel, between Luzon and Formosa, passed into the western sea and entered Korea Strait the morning of May 27. In the afternoon the fighting began east of the Tsu Islands, or in Krusenstern channel. Here the Russians suffered the greatest losses, chiefly through torpedo attacks at night and from submarines, the vessels that had not been sunk being driven ashore on the adjacent coast of Nagato province, Japan. The Liancourt rocks, where four vessels surrendered Sunday morning, May 28, also are shown. Part of Togo's fleet, whose base was Masampo, in delivering the attack passed through the channel between the Tsu Islands and forced the enemy toward the Japanese shore, but the main division rounded the Tsu Islands on the north and effectively barred the passage of the Russians. Iki Island, behind which Uru was concealed and whence he delivered a rear attack, is thirty miles southeast of the Tsu Islands.

## MUTINY IN THE BATTLE.

Nebogatoff Is Thrown Overboard or Bound in His Cabin.

Details from a trustworthy source leave little room for doubt, says a dispatch from St. Petersburg, that Admiral Nebogatoff's sailors mutinied in the battle of the Sea of Japan and either threw the admiral and many officers overboard or, according to another version, bound them in their cabins and hoisted the white flag. Eight men in Nebogatoff's squadron were, it is again asserted, hanged for mutiny while still in the Red sea.

A remarkable story is in circulation concerning the wounded on the Ore. It is said that at the opening of the fight 300 men were killed and wounded, and that the groans and shrieks of the wounded exercised so harmful an effect that it was decided to throw the mortally wounded into the sea.

One hundred and forty, it is said, were thrown overboard. Those slightly wounded were then fastened to the mast to prevent their interference with the fighting of the ship.

## FIND REFUGE AT MANILA.

Russian Admiral with Three War Vessels Arrives in American Port.

Bringing with him three Russian cruisers which had escaped from the Japanese in the Korean straits and, protected by a fog, had taken to the open sea, Rear Admiral Enquist sought the protection of the port of Manila at 9 o'clock Saturday night. The vessels were all protected cruisers, the Aurora, his flagship, the Oleg and the Jemchug. The

## TOGO'S FLAGSHIP BORE BRUNT.

Had Most Japanese Casualties—List of the Battle Losses.

The Japanese losses in the battle of the Sea of Japan were 113 officers and men killed and 424 officers and men wounded. The completion of the revised list shows that the losses were under the original estimates. The flagship Mikasa was the heaviest loser. The losses were distributed among the fleet as follows:

Mikasa	63 Asama	15
Adzuma	39 Nankai	17
Shikishima	37 Tokima	15
Aashi	31 Yakumo	11
Fuji	28 Chitose	6
Idzuma	26 Idzumi	10
Nishina	27 Kasuga	9
Otowa	26 Hashidate	5
Kasuga	26 Niitaka	4
Taushima		10

The casualties among the destroyers and torpedo boats were eighty-seven. Commander Togo was wounded on the Adzuma.

The Emperor of Germany takes his meals with his family, even to the smallest tot.

Emperor Franz Josef of Austria has given \$5,000 for the erection of a Mozart building in Salzburg.

Some of the Czar's children are fully appreciative of their exalted rank. The small Grand Duchess Olga often speaks

## PRESS VIEW OF THE BATTLE.

To anticipate peace negotiations at once may be premature, although there is not a neutral statesman in the world who would not advise the Czar to bring the war promptly to a close.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Japan's latest victory settles in full, with heavy interest, the old score she owed Russia for the part played by the latter in 1894, when she robbed Japan of the fruits of victory in the Chinese war.—Washington Post.

Not quantity but quality tells in the naval warfare of today. Every drinking man in the Russian navy meant an unsteady aim. The asthmatic Japanese, sober, highly educated and self-contained, shot straight.—Philadelphia Press.

The Japanese are not the only victors. From end to end of the huge Russian empire, ill-commented by broken pledges and ancient liberties trampled down, millions will privately rejoice in the founding of their oppressors.—New York World.

The condition in which Russia is placed renders it difficult to see how she can further prosecute a war in which she has met disaster at every turn and which seems to portend a continuance of the same experience.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The time has come for peace. Civilization demands it. Not the civilization of Japanese or Muscovite, but the greater and higher civilization toward which the benighted of all lands occasionally lift their eyes when they have nothing more profitable to think about. Enough blood has been spilled.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Togo has put the finishing touches upon Oyama's work. In order to make the case complete, Japan must have Vladivostok. With that port secured Japan will have her Gibraltar at Port Arthur, and her Malta at Saghalin. She will dominate the whole coast from the Aleutians to the Philippines.—Minneapolis Journal.

We must conclude that Togo knows the Russians better than anyone else. Without underestimating their strength to his own detriment he nevertheless yielded the opportunity that was offered to strike the squadrons of Rojestvensky and Nebogatoff separately. He gave them every chance. He made all concessions of time, numbers, preparation and met the enemy when the enemy was ready to be met. He declined to make two bites of a cherry.—Detroit Free Press.

This naval engagement in the Korean strait marks a radical change in the distribution of the military strength and the military possibilities of the world. The complete victory of Japan in the war with Russia which it foreshadows will put Japan far up toward the head of the military powers, and before this century ends it will hold the first place beyond peradventure, if its development shall continue in anything like the ratio of its progress which it has made since its victory over China ten years ago.—New York Sun.

The result of the battle makes it certain that during the twentieth century, unless things happen which cast a warning shadow, Japan will be the dominant power in the far East; that Russia, either slowly or speedily, is to undergo an internal revolution which will make her a real and not merely a nominal member of the company of western nations; that the menace which for half a century has troubled the dreams of every British prime minister of a possible assault on British dominion in southern Asia is permanently removed.—New York Globe.

## Mainder's Hobbies.

Very little is known of Hobbema's life. He appears to have been born at Amsterdam in 1638, but, as we have seen, other towns claimed to be his birthplace. It is probable that he was the pupil of Jacob van Ruysdael, and certain that he lived in Amsterdam. He died poor, his last lodging being in the Rozeboom, the street in which Rembrandt, also poor, had died forty years before. His works were little appreciated in Holland until nearly a hundred years after his death, and most of them found their way to England.—St. Nicholas.

## Thought She Couldn't Live.

Moravia, N. Y., June 5.—Mr. Benjamin Wilson, a highly respected resident of this place, came very near losing his wife, and now that she is cured and restored to good health his gratitude knows no bounds. He says: "My wife has suffered everything with Sugar Diabetes. She has been sick four years. She doctored with two good doctors, but kept growing worse. The doctors said she could not live. She failed from 200 pounds down to 130 pounds. This was her weight when she began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and now she weighs 100, is well and feeling stronger every day.

"She used to have Rheumatism so bad that it would raise great bumps all over her body and this is all gone, too.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are a God-send to those who suffer as my wife did. They are all that saved her. We can't praise them enough."

## Too Deep for Him.

"There's one thing I can't understand about farming," said the city chap who had contracted with a farmer for a week's board, as he watched the hired man tilling the soil.

"What be that, young feller?" queried the honest old granger, as he bit off a generous hunk of home-made tobacco.

"I can't understand," said the city chap, "why the ground was placed bottom side up, so that it has to be turned over with a plow before the crops can be planted."

## BALD HEADS COVERED.

With Luxuriant Hair and Scaly Scalp Cleaned and Purified by Cuticura Soap.

Assisted by dressings of Cuticura, the great skin cure. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales and dandruff, destroys hair parasites, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, loosens the scalp skin, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp, when all else fails. Complete external and internal treatment for every humor, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, price \$1.00. A single set is often sufficient to cure.

## Graphic Gambling Scenes.

Criticism on the gambling scenes laid in Hall Caine's book, "The Prodigal Son," has been the means of inducing the author to visit several gambling places on the Riviera recently, says a Monte Carlo correspondent of the Kansas City Journal, so that there may be lacking no accuracy or realism when the dramatized work is produced in London.

Certain critics, in dealing with the book, have found fault with the description of what they wrongly assume to be roulette. As a matter of fact, what the author described was baccarat. Experienced baccarat players have, however, pointed out to him weak points in this scene and he came to the Riviera expressly to study the game in its various and most exuberant forms. Under the guidance of one of the best-known European gamblers and plungers, he visited all the notorious clubs, casinos and gambling dens on the Riviera, and while his guide played baccarat Mr. Caine took quiet notes of all that went on.

At a hall known as "Cecile," or so-called club, at Nice, Mr. Caine stood behind the chair of his companion while in less than an hour he lost over \$50,000. After this no one will in future be able to reproach him with not being personally acquainted with the modern manners and methods of "The Prodigal Son."

## FEED YOU MONEY.

Feed Your Brain, and It Will Feed You Money and Fame.

"Ever since boyhood I have been especially fond of meats, and I am convinced I ate too rapidly, and failed to masticate my food properly.

"The result was that I found myself, a few years ago, afflicted with ailments of the stomach, and kidneys, which interfered seriously with my business.

"At last I took the advice of friends and began to eat Grape-Nuts instead of the heavy meats, etc., that had constituted my former diet.

"I found that I was at once benefited by the change, that I was soon relieved from the heart-burn and the indigestion that used to follow my meals, that the pains in my back from my kidney affection had ceased, showing that those organs had been healed, and that my nerves, which used to be unsteady, and my brain, which was slow and lethargic from a heavy diet of meats and greasy foods, had, not in a moment, but gradually, and none the less surely, been restored to normal efficiency. Now every nerve is steady and my brain and thinking faculties are quicker and more acute than for years past.

"After my old style breakfasts I used to suffer during the forenoon from a feeling of weakness which hindered me seriously in my work, but since I have begun to use Grape-Nuts food I can work till dinner time with all ease and comfort." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

## Chicago.

The worst feature of the business situation is entirely due to further spreading of labor troubles. With the struggle now carried into productive branches and enforced idleness probable among large bodies of workmen, obstruction becomes intensified and requires prompt relief. Except for the local disturbance trade generally exhibits strong tone throughout the Chicago district, and the indications are good for continued industrial prosperity with the present difficulty removed.

In actual results the week's progress affirms the inherent strength of commerce. Money remained in fair demand and bank exchanges made the largest gains during this month, as compared with a year ago. Financial conditions here made a healthy showing, investment in improvements gained, and the security market almost trebled in dealings, without any disquieting change in values.

Crop reports played a strong part in the markets for the two leading cereals, and these being mainly unfavorable and the May options much oversold, it was not found difficult to manipulate sharp advances in quotations. These operations were not helpful in the general demand, for grain and flour values were easier. Receipts of grain aggregated 2,074,423 bushels, against 2,120,130 bushels for the corresponding week of 1904, and the shipments were 2,626,348 bushels, against 2,838,353 bushels. The production of flour has increased, but there is no corresponding gain in the forwarding and the foreign demand has remained remarkably dull.

Production in the leading branches is without diminution, and new commitments were made to a satisfactory extent. Wholesale transactions reached a fair volume in staple merchandise, deliveries were larger and State street activity was stimulated by better demand for seasonable wares. Country advices have been very encouraging, farm work showing rapid recovery from the effect of recent heavy rains, crop prospects remaining good and merchandising expanding. Western railroad traffic sustains exceptional magnitude, earnings steadily exceeding those of a year ago. Heavy movement of manufactured materials, raw product and general merchandise provided most of the tonnage. Marketing of grain has declined 22 per cent, but this is due to temporary causes.

Live stock receipts were 261,004 head, compared with 206,580 head a year ago. Shipping demand weakened in heavy beefs and hogs and sheep found ready absorption.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number twenty-six, against thirty-three last week and eighteen a year ago.

Wholesale trade is seasonably quiet pending a clearer view of crop output, which, owing to irregular or unsettled weather in wide areas, still lacks definite form. Cool weather is still a bar to fullest activity at retail. Manufacturing activity is still in large volume on orders previously booked. Speculative markets for wheat reflect technical conditions and short supplies in primary markets more clearly than they do the slight deterioration in quantity and quality indicated as resulting from recent backward weather, which has also been used as a lever to affect corn and cotton. Collections reflect little more than seasonable slowness, and money is easy and in abundant supply. Rather more friction in labor matters is noted in Chicago. Despite efforts to accentuate less favorable happenings for stock speculative purposes there is still abundant evidence that the country's consumptive requirements are on a large scale, heavily exceeding a year ago at this time. Railway earnings for the first half of May exceed a year ago by 6.5 per cent.

## THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$5.00; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.85; wheat, No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.07; corn, No. 2, 50c to 52c; oats, standard, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 80c to 85c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$13.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$11.00; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 15c; potatoes, new, per bush, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.70; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.05; corn, No. 3 white, 53c to 55c; oats, No. 3 white, 31c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 78c to 80c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.05 to \$1.09; corn, No. 3, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 34c; rye, No. 1, 81c to 82c; barley, No. 2, 50c to 52c; pork, mess, \$12.25.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 90c to \$1.01; corn, No. 2 mixed, 48c to 50c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 81c to 82c; clover seed, prime, \$7.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$5.25; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.00; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$6.75.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.80; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.02 to \$1.03; corn, No. 2, 50c to 58c; oats, natural, white, 35c to 37c; butter, creamery, 20c to 21c; eggs, western, 15c to 18c.



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## SCHOOL LAWS ARE REVISED

### Superintendent Baylis Finds New Act Practically Alter Whole System.

It has been discovered that without being aware of the fact the last Legislature practically completed a general revision of the school laws of Illinois. This was effected by the passage of sixteen bills, none of which was of sufficient importance in itself to attract particular attention. All went through the Assembly without opposition. The bills were prepared by the State superintendent of public instruction, Alfred Baylis. The most important change made is one which puts a stop to all drafts on what is known as the distributable fund for the schools of the State. This was done through provisions in a number of the bills passed and by the enactment of a general statute definitely fixing the salaries of county superintendents. The last-named statute does away with all the fees in the superintendent's office and of itself saves the distributable fund from an annual drain of considerable proportions. It has been customary whenever there was something new to be done in an educational way and no money was in sight with which to do it to make the additional burden a charge on the distributable fund. It was convenient and easily reached, and as no one in the Legislature had been particularly interested in it heavy inroads into the fund were made from time to time. Under the new legislation, however, every charge on the fund has been abolished and Superintendent Baylis has the satisfaction of finding it once more inviolable. Hereafter it will be the policy of his office to fight every attempt to divert this money from its original purpose, which is to aid the common schools of the State. Another device for saving the money of the common schools is found in the passage of a three-line bill which prohibits the loaning of school money on other than real estate security. It is not generally known, but it is not the less a fact, that considerable sums have been loaned in Illinois by the loaning of funds to irresponsible persons. Aside from the bills which had to do with finances, there were a number of measures designed to straighten out and make more uniform the general operation of the school laws. Ever since he has been in office Superintendent Baylis has been quietly waging war on the special school charters, and he has succeeded in having a large number of them dropped. He has also been opposed to special legislation for communities and some of the bills do away with certain privileges and powers exercised by some of the cities. One bill abolishes the old five-year State certificate. Under the new law there will be but one form of State certificate and it can be secured only by a single continuous examination. Hereafter applicants for State certificates could take examinations in installments.

## CARD GAME COSTS \$48,000.

### Jacksonville Man Says He Lost at Poker in Chicago.

It cost Jacob Cohen, a Jacksonville merchant, \$48,000 for one night spent in playing poker in Chicago. He told Bankruptcy Referee E. S. Robinson the particulars. Creditors of Cohen, through their counsel, Thomas Worthington of Springfield, are trying to discover the whereabouts of \$61,000 which the merchant is charged with having disposed of. A petition in bankruptcy was filed in Jacksonville, but it was found that he had disposed of his property, it is said, and that when he left Jacksonville some months ago he had \$61,000 in checks in his possession. At the examination before the referee Cohen said he had lost the money gambling. Attorney Worthington said Cohen asserted that when he came to Chicago he met an affable stranger, who introduced him to several other persons, and they entered a gambling room, where he lost \$48,000. He said he went to Terre Haute, Ind., afterward, and lost \$13,000 in another game. He was unable to remember where the gambling house was or to locate the stranger. The examination will be continued in Terre Haute.

## ESCAPING PRISONER KILLED.

### Former Inmate of Missouri Reformatory Is Shot at Sparta.

Charles Garrison of Poplar Bluff, Mo., who was following up the United States Carnival Company, came to Sparta with the street fair aggregation, and that evening he was caught burglarizing the clothing store of James Sproul. He was captured by Policeman Archie Stewart and placed in jail. The next afternoon Garrison attempted to escape, running in the direction of the street four headquarters. He was commanded to halt, and, not heeding Policeman Stewart opened fire with a 38-caliber revolver. The ball struck Garrison in the back of the head, killing him instantly. Garrison, at the jail, stated he had been sent to the reformatory at Booneville, Mo., and was out on parole. An effort is being made to locate his parents. His age was 21 years.

## MARRIAGE LAW CHANGES.

### New License Regulations that Will Go Into Effect July 1.

It will not be long until applicants for a marriage license will find that several changes have been made in the marriage license law. The act recently passed by the State Legislature, which becomes effective July 1, will make these changes in the license affidavit. No longer will a third party be permitted to visit the office and secure a license for two persons to wed, who may be friends or relatives. The new act provides that the applicants must personally appear before the marriage license clerk. The age and residence of the concerned parties will not be sufficient—the date and place of birth of each must be furnished. "Child marriages" will be a thing of the past in Chicago then, as no male person under 10 years of age or female person under 10 years old will be able to secure a license in any circumstances. Even at this age parents or guardians must give their consent; otherwise the parties must be of legal age.

## All Over the State.

The Illinois State Sunday school convention will meet next year in Kankakee. Elgin will hold its first annual Chautauque assembly, beginning June 24 and closing July 4.

The smallpox epidemic in Chicago is beginning to decrease as the summer months approach.

Peoria has been decided on for the next State meet of the Firemen's Tournament Association.

Michael Dicola was severely injured by a flying golf ball while walking across the links at Jackson Park, Chicago.

A rifle cannon that played an important part in the Civil War at Fort Morgan, near Mobile, was unveiled in Dun can Park, Cairo.

Annie, the 8-year-old daughter of Harms Fredericks, residing five miles north of Sterling, choked to death on a small piece of pickle.

The grain shippers of Adams and Hancock counties have effected arrangements for the purpose of furthering legislation for the benefit of the grain shippers.

Benjamin Quinette, whose neck was broken by a fall from a scaffold in Chicago, is improving in his condition, and probably will recover, according to physicians at the Cook county hospital.

Capt. Charles Walz of Troop D, First cavalry, of Springfield, has been served with notice by the local plumbers' union, of which he is a member, that he must resign from the Illinois National Guard. If he does not the firm by which he is employed will be placed on the list of "open shops."

The contract for building the Tanner monument in Oak Ridge cemetery, Springfield, was awarded to the Culver Construction Company of Springfield, under a bid of \$10,807, which was the lowest of eleven submitted. Col. J. L. Tanner was elected a member of the board of directors of the association. Chairman James A. Rose was authorized to name a building committee of five members.

The State executive board of the United Mine Workers of America has suggested to the Illinois Coal Operators' Association that the shot firer law be given a fair trial. Then if it can be shown that loss of life has increased or that the law works any other hardship on the operators the mine workers will meet the operators to adjust any disputes that may arise over the enforcement of the shot firer law.

Franz A. Doniat, a great-grandson of one of Napoleon's generals, has been appointed by Representative H. S. Boutell to represent the Ninth Congressional District of Illinois at West Point military academy. The candidate is a son of Franz Doniat, a Chicago lithographer. He received word that he had passed the entrance examinations and would be required to report at West Point academy June 15. Doniat is a student in St. Ignace Jesuit college and is 10 years old.

Roy Swetenham, 12 years of age, who says his home is in Newman, is in jail at Charleston, charged with incendiarism on a large scale. He was arrested at Ashmore just after a big grain elevator and broom corn warehouse, with all its contents, had burned. The boy's actions aroused suspicions and he was held as a suspect. It is believed that he is implicated in the numerous fires that have recently occurred in Mattoon. Swetenham's father says the boy ran away from home a month ago.

A milk train on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad struck a buggy containing William Bartmus, a prosperous farmer, and his wife at a crossing a mile north of Deerfield, instantly killing Mrs. Bartmus and causing internal injuries to Bartmus which may prove fatal. The couple were in a covered buggy on the way to church and as the road crosses the railroad tracks diagonally were unable to see the approaching train. The horse was thrown against the warning sign, "Look out for the cars," and completely dismembered.

Chief of Police William Keorner shot and probably fatally wounded Clifford Mason, a miner, in Harrisburg. A few days ago Harvey Stricklin, pit boss at Egyptian mine No. 1, discharged Mason for an alleged violation of the rules in regard to shooting coal. Mason brooded over the affair, and at last came up town with a shotgun, and, meeting Stricklin, attempted to shoot him, but Stricklin escaped. When Keorner attempted to arrest Mason he turned the gun on Keorner, shooting him in the leg. Keorner pulled his pistol and shot Mason three times.

## REAPPEARS AND DISAPPEARS.

### Millstadt Farmer Returns, Spends an Hour in Town, and Again Is Gone.

George Sanders, a farmer, who disappeared from Millstadt one year ago this month, after having been married only one month, appeared in Millstadt Thursday for about an hour and then disappeared as mysteriously as he did on the former occasion. Sanders has a baby whom he has never seen, but he did not go to see it nor his wife. He spent the time in town talking to a few old friends, but did not tell them where he had been and what he had done while away from home. Mrs. Sanders, who was formerly Miss Molly Schmidt, heard that he was in town and tried to find him, but he had left by the time she arrived at Millstadt. The missing man worked a rented farm when at home, and one day last May said that he was going to the baseball game. He went, as he said, and while there told several of his friends that they would never see him again. The same day he disappeared, and although a vigorous search was carried on for several weeks by his relatives, he was never found. Sanders' brother, William, a barber in Belleville, mysteriously disappeared from home eight months ago. He was seen two weeks ago in East St. Louis for a few moments by an acquaintance, but again vanished. He is also married.

## NEW UNITED STATES MARSHAL.

### Galesburg Man Appointed for District of Southern Illinois.

Leon A. Townsend, banker, merchant and Senator from the Thirty-fifth District, who has just been appointed United States marshal of the southern district of Illinois, was born in Avon, Fulton county, Ill., Oct. 13, 1854, where he received his early education and spent his early life, securing his later education at Lombard college in Galesburg. From Avon he went to Hermion in Knox county, where he spent sixteen years and prospered as a merchant, serving also for many years as supervisor. He moved to Galesburg from Avon and has been identified in that city with many leading business interests. He has served four years as County Treasurer, is prominent in Odd Fellows circles and is now cashier of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank. He has been a member of the district eight years and was president pro tem. last session. In politics he has always been a Republican.

## RICH BRAKEMAN QUILTS.

### Young Millionaire Leaves Eastern Illinois Road to Work for Father.

G. R. Keene, who has been known as the millionaire brakeman while in the employment of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois at Bloomington since last June, has resigned and leaves at once for Somerville, Mass. Young Keene is the son of the president of the Woonsocket Rubber Company and was on the road for that company prior to taking up railroad work. He is said to be a millionaire in his own right and gave up the post of commercial salesman to become a railroad man. He was ambitious to work his way to the front, but the entrance of his round wife at last led him to give up the life of a trainman. She was in constant fear that he would be crippled or killed. He expects to go on the road again for his father. While serving as brakeman Keene attended strictly to his own business, and did not ask for any favors. He has not advertised his wealth and family connections, and the story was learned by the officials in looking up his references when making application for employment. He made a first-class record.

## PRESIDENT OF BAR ASSOCIATION.

### George T. Page, of Peoria, Chosen to Fill That Position.

George T. Page, newly elected president of the Illinois State Bar Association, is a member of the firm of Page, Wead & Hunt, of Peoria. He has been first vice president of the organization, and also is a member of the American Bar Association. Mr. Page was born in Spring Bay, Ill., in 1880, and was educated at the University of Illinois. He was admitted to the bar in 1902, and went at once to Colorado, where he practiced for two years, when he returned to Peoria.

## CATFISH WEIGHS 87 POUNDS.

### Stomach Contains Watch and Quartz Tin Coffee Pot.

Col. S. P. Bartlett, Illinois Fish Commissioner, has received a letter from G. Burgtorf of Florence, in which the writer states that he recently caught a catfish weighing 87 pounds, in the stomach of which were found a watch, two pairs of sleeve buttons and a quartz coffee pot made of tin. "I have seen strange things taken out of fish," said Col. Bartlett. "I caught a bass down in the bay which had a silver tablespoon in its stomach. Fish are readily attracted to anything shiny."

## EXONERATED AND REARRESTED.

### Policeman Farley Charged with Murder for Murphy Killing.

Immediately after his exoneration by the coroner's jury investigating the killing of C. W. Murphy in Springfield, Policeman James Farley was arrested on a charge of murder preferred against him by Frank Murphy, the dead man's brother. Murphy was killed while resisting arrest.

## BOMB FOR THE KING.

### Life of Alfonso Is Aimed at by Anarchists in Paris.

An attempt to assassinate King Alfonso of Spain, while in Paris for a week's visit, and President Loubet of France was made the other night by an anarchist, who hurled a bomb beneath the carriage containing the two rulers as they were leaving the opera.

As if by a miracle, both the King and President escaped uninjured, but fragments of the missile seriously injured five persons, killed or maimed a number of cavalry horses forming the escort, and knocked out a child's eye.

The King and President retained their presence of mind, his majesty sending back a member of his suite to make inquiries as to the condition of the wounded. The person who is believed to have thrown the bomb has been arrested, with two others who are thought to have been implicated in the plot.

Great excitement followed the explosion, rumors spreading immediately that the threats made by the anarchists to assassinate King Alfonso when he came to Paris had been successfully carried out.

It has been known very generally in Paris that King Alfonso was added to

## ARMY NOW IN REVOLT

### CZAR'S MANCHURIAN TROOPS IN OPEN MUTINY.

General Linevitch Telegraphs His Emperor that for This Reason a Continuation of the War Is Impossible—Reported that Nicholas Will Abdicate.

General Linevitch wired the Czar Wednesday that the news of Rostovsky's defeat has spread throughout the army in Manchuria and that the troops are in open revolt. He points out that under such conditions the continuation of the war is impossible. This is the crowning disaster in the series of calamities that have since the opening of the war, Feb. 8, 1904.

Russia is left senseless. Crowds of illiterate muzhiks surround those who are able to read the news bulletins in the streets and weep while they listen to the pitiful details of the Tushima catastrophe. The worst prediction of the enemies of the czarism are now found to be exceeded. All the ships not sunk have been captured. None has been saved except the Almaz.

## Demand End of Regime.

On all sides the cry is heard that the present regime is responsible and that it must be cleared out. The Czar is no longer considered. Even M. Souvorine, editor of the St. Petersburg Novoe Vremya, demands that the people take the helm of state into their own hands. Grand Duke Alexieff's organ, the Slovo, exclaims that Russia has had calamities enough and demands a change of regime that will give peace. Rumors are spreading that the Czar intends to resign. The convocation of a national assembly is confidently expected.

Ministers, generals and admirals interviewed by the correspondents were unanimously of opinion that Russia had lost its sea power for half a century to come. They also thought that peace would come immediately; that England and America would help to modify Japan's demands and that internal reforms would bring about the regeneration of Russia.

Japan's decisive victory over Russia in the Strait of Korea is hailed by all Europe as the beginning of the end of the conflict. Berlin looks upon the sea battle as the greatest history-making naval engagement since Trafalgar. French naval experts declare Russia must bring the uneven contest to a close. London looks upon the result as averting a general European war. Japan believes Russia must accept whatever terms are offered.

Dispatches from Manchuria say that Field Marshal Oyama is already in motion and that a general battle is at hand. General Linevitch has nearly 400,000 men, including the Fourth and Tenth army corps, which have arrived at the front since the battle of Mukden. He has received hundreds of field guns to replace those abandoned in the retreat from Tlie pass.

Oyama has fully 420,000 men. He is known to have received 80,000 reinforcements since the battle of Mukden.

## TOURIST CROP PAYS.

### California Had Fifty Thousand Visitors During Past Season.

The greatest tourist season in the history of California is just closing. It yielded \$18,000,000 to California, and millions more to the railroads, and the seed has been sown for a bigger crop next year. Forty thousand tourists visited California this season. They stayed on an average of fifty days each and spent an average of more than \$6 a day.

Within a decade the "tourist business" of California has grown to an industry of considerable proportions and it is jumping ahead each year at a remarkable rate. Last season 35,000 tourists visited the State and it is estimated that last season's tourists spent at least \$10,500,000.

Over three-fourths of the tourists to California travel a distance of over 2,000 miles to reach the Golden State. They probably spend for railroad fares alone \$120 apiece, so that from those who come from Chicago or farther east the railroads receive in the neighborhood of \$4,500,000, and the fares of those from west of Chicago total more than an additional \$1,000,000.

Then there is sleeping car fare, \$14 each way from Chicago, or a total of \$28 each for 37,500 persons, or over \$1,000,000 for berths. Meals at a conservative estimate will probably amount to \$500,000 more. Altogether the 50,000 tourists spend in excess of \$10,000,000 in traveling, and this is an exceedingly conservative estimate, as the average tourist to California probably spends more than \$200 on the item of travel.

Of the \$18,000,000 expended by tourists during the season just passed \$14,000,000 was left in southern California, and but \$4,000,000 around San Francisco.

## News of Minor Note.

H. Clay Grubb, on trial at Salisbury, N. C., charged with the killing of his brother-in-law, O. B. Davis, Oct. 10, 1903, was acquitted.

James Tinney, who the police say escaped from the government prison at Alcatraz Island, California, has been arrested in St. Louis.

Robbers stole \$1,400 worth of stamps from the San Francisco postoffice, but failed to get \$12,000 more in stamps and \$500,000 in gold which they are believed to have been after.



Not long ago a United States Senator called at the Treasury in Washington to offer for redemption the remains of some paper money, believed to amount to sixteen hundred dollars, which the family of one of his constituents had found among the rafters in the attic of their house. After a few days a check for twenty-nine hundred dollars was issued to redeem the old bills, which represented a much larger sum than had been supposed. A citizen of Ohio lately made a needless trip to Washington to tell the story of his putting several hundred dollars into a gas-stove for safety. He desired the government to redeem the fragments remaining after the destruction that naturally followed.

Here again the identification was so easily made that he received within ten dollars of what he originally possessed. His carelessness was not too severely punished. But in these cases the Treasury officers were exceptionally successful. Claimants are often astonished and aggrieved because the government will not take their word for losses of this kind. Congress alone can compensate for losses that cannot be proved by a production of some parts of the notes. The Treasury rule is to redeem a bill if its major fraction can be identified, or where, with less than that, affidavits establish conclusively the actual loss of the rest. It costs something to keep money, either metallic or paper, in good condition. Gold coin passes by weight, and if it is under weight the loss falls on the owner. Silver coins are redeemed at their face value, and the loss by abrasion or wear is borne by the government. The constant substitution of new paper bills for old ones entails a considerable expense on the Treasury. Most people think the government should keep money cleaner than it is by more frequent redemptions. This is an improvement that will probably come in time.

The wealth of the United States exceeds that of any other of the five great nations of the world. The real wealth of nations is the difference between assets and liabilities, between property and debts. Mr. Ballard, in the New York Sun, shows that the real wealth of the United States is greater than that of any other nation worthy of comparison, both as a whole and per capita. The following table shows the estimated wealth of the five great nations of the world, their national debts, the difference between the two being the real wealth of each:

Country.	Wealth.	Debt.
United States	\$100,000,000,000	\$ 25,000,000,000
Great Britain	50,000,000,000	3,885,000,000
France	45,000,000,000	5,850,000,000
Germany	40,000,000,000	3,385,000,000
Russia	32,000,000,000	3,335,000,000

The following table compares the wealth per capita and the debt per capita of the same five countries, there being excluded from the population of each country its colonies and dependencies:

Country.	Wealth per capita.	Debt per capita.
United States	\$1,340	\$11.00
Great Britain	1,430	92.00
France	1,200	150.00
Germany	700	70.00
Russia	212	24.00

Thus it will be seen that the real wealth of the United States, calculated both as a whole and on the per capita basis, is larger than that of any one of the five great nations of the world. And when it is taken into consideration that the wealth of the United States has increased to such proportions practically during the last two decades, Lord Salisbury's classification of this country among the growing nations seems fully to be sustained.

Economy in government expenses, made necessary in every department by the large deficit in the revenues, threatens to be applied heroically in the rural free delivery service. Unless the people living on the routes make a vigorous protest, rural free delivery will be placed on a contract basis. It costs the government \$28,000,000 a year to run the rural routes, paying the carriers a maximum compensation of \$720 a year. The average pay is \$300 per carrier, the rate being fixed by the length of the routes. The printers who are looking for spots where the expenses of the government may be decreased figure that by letting out contracts for the rural service the work can be done at a cost not to exceed two-thirds of what the government is now paying.

Have you ever visited Congress? If not don't do it! It will shatter more idols in an hour than you can build in an age. Most of our "great men" look better at long range.

Acting under instructions from the Department of Commerce and Labor, the American consuls in Mexico, Central and South America and the West Indies have been making reports on the imports of explosives into those countries. It is the commissioner of immigration who keeps the most dangerous imports of explosives from the United States by sending all anarchists back to Europe.

Patrons those who advertise.



KING ALFONSO.

the anarchists' list of victims marked for slaughter recently, and when the announcement was made that the young King would visit Paris the anarchists declared that they would make use of the visit to carry out their plot.

## CROPS SUFFER FROM FROST.

### Oats and Corn Growth Slow, but Wheat Still Appears Promising.

The following is the general summary of the weekly crop report of the weather bureau:

During the week ending May 20 most of the country experienced unfavorable temperature, frosts occurring during the early part of the week in the plateau regions, in most of the northern tier of States, east of the Rocky mountains, and as far south as the interior portions of the middle Atlantic States. Plains interfered with farm work in portions of the south Atlantic States and east gulf States, Tennessee, and over an area extending from central Texas northward to South Dakota and in portions of the lake region. At the close of the week rain was much needed in New England and the middle Atlantic States, and sunshine and warmth in the south Atlantic and east gulf States and the Missouri valley. On the Pacific coast the weather was cool and cloudy, with showers in northern California, Oregon and Washington.

Corn planting is largely finished, except in the lake region, Ohio valley and northern portion of the middle Atlantic States. Throughout the principal corn States germination and growth of corn have been very slow, owing to cool weather, and more than the usual amount of replanting will be necessary. In the central gulf States part of the crop has been laid by. In this region corn has suffered considerably from overflows. In northern Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Tennessee corn is much in need of cultivation.

Winter wheat has suffered slight deterioration in portions of the central and western districts of the winter wheat belt, but it continues promising in the eastern districts, an improvement being reported from Ohio.

Reports of injury from rust continue from Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Oklahoma and Texas, and rust and black heads are appearing in Illinois. Generally the reports indicate that wheat is heading low. In California the crop is maturing rapidly and an average yield is reported. In Oregon and Washington growth has been rapid, too rank growth being reported from Oregon, where it is in danger of lodging.

In the Dakotas, Minnesota and Nebraska oats have made slow growth and the crop has suffered deterioration in Texas and portions of the middle Atlantic States, but elsewhere and in principal producing States the outlook continues very promising.

Throughout nearly the whole of the cotton belt cotton is much in need of cultivation, and reports of abandoned fields are received from the Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana. Good stands are generally reported, but much planting remains to be done in northern Texas and planting is unfinished in Arkansas. In southern Texas and in portions of the central and eastern districts the situation is improved and the crop is doing well in localities. Squares are now forming in the southern portions of the central and eastern districts. Boll weevils are increasing in Texas. The general outlook for a good crop of hay continues promising.

Although freezing temperature occurred in the northern portion of the spring wheat region, spring wheat is reported as in good condition in Minnesota, and while frost in North Dakota proved injurious, the crop in that State has not been seriously damaged. Over the southern portion of the spring wheat region the crop has made more favorable progress, although growth has been slow. On the north Pacific coast spring wheat is much improved in Washington, but in Oregon it has advanced slowly.

He conquers who endures.—Perrus.



# THE NEWS.

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ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Machen, the "Prince of Grafters", has pleaded guilty. His long bluff thus ends in ignominious failure.

A Texas paper which revels in ancient history has treated its readers to a long sketch of David B. Hill.

It is all a mistake. The Kaiser's cup for which the yachts were racing across the Atlantic, is not a stein.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr.'s indigestion may be due to trying to swallow some of the things he told his Sunday school class.

The tariff readjustment idea should not occasion alarm. There aren't any free traders but the democrats, and there's only a handful of them.

Mrs. Chadwick and Nan Patterson may now be omitted from the "From which Oh Lord deliver us" part of the litany, but not so with Tom Lawson.

Arkansas legislators are accused of selling their votes for \$125 each. The men who are guilty probably came from the \$1.93 political bargain counter.

Railroad rate legislation, tariff readjustment, a national deficit, Santo Domingo and Venezuela. From present indications the next Congress will have ample to keep it busy.

Secretary Shaw's decision that frogs are poultry is about as logical as his decision granting drawbacks on Canadian wheat that is mixed with American wheat and ground into flour.

It is reported that Togo sent out a lot of tramp boats and junks to draw the fire of Rojstevensky. Togo probably remembers the demoralizing effect of those Dogger Bank fishing snakes.

Everyone must respect the consideration which Linevitch is showing for Kuropatkin's feelings by not demonstrating how easy it is to drive the Japs out of Manchuria too precipitately.

The course of the administration in not deciding at once to adopt the sea level plans for the Panama Canal, is not because the President is not determined that it shall be constructed "on the level".

After the officials of the Goldfield (Nevada) bank had left for parts unknown it was found that they had left twenty-one silver dollars in the bank vaults. Another case of gross carelessness in high places.

It is inexplicable how men, who have been losing money as fast as Commissioner Garfield finds that the Beef Trust officials have, can afford to spend the summer in Europe—even if there is a grand jury in session in Chicago.

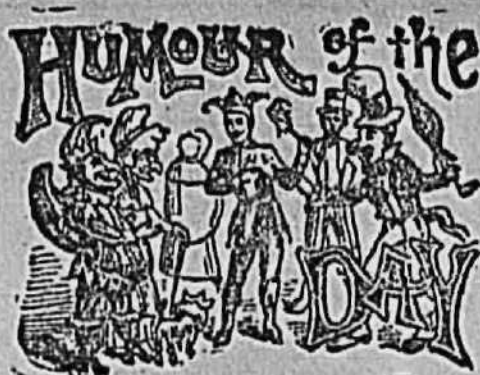
Senator Daniel says that, "If Bryan had said and done the things that Roosevelt has done in the last three years we would have had the greatest panic the world has ever known." Yes, and there are several other points of difference between Bryan and Roosevelt.

President Roosevelt has appointed Edward C. O'Brien Minister to Paraguay and Uruguay and J. Martin Miller Consul General to Aix la Chappelle. It does look as if someone in the investigating division of the appointment department was lax in his duty.

The Chicago police claim to have discovered evidence that the labor unions have been paying professional thugs \$15 a piece for every "scab" that was slugged. If that claim is true it is the manifest duty of the police to secure the indictment of every officer of every union that participated in such lawlessness, and public censure will rest on the police, almost equally with that which rests on the unions, until they have performed this imperative duty.

If the republican majorities in Congress have the nerve to follow their leader, pass a railway rate bill, extend the anti-rebate law, readjust those tariff schedules which require change (along protection lines,) ratify the Dominican treaty and deal fairly but firmly with Venezuela, the democrats will be without a single issue in the next campaign and the demoralization of the party begun at the St. Louis convention—it might be more correct to say begun with the first nomination of Bryan—will be so complete that republicans can have their own way, as long as they continue to give the people "a square deal".

Georgia Peaches. In spite of the many jokes that are made at the expense of the Georgia peach crop, that State produced more peaches than any of the Eastern States. It is said that there are over 7,000,000 trees that bear peaches in the State.



**Diogenes Again.**  
The old man with a lantern was poking about the streets of Baltimore. "What!" cried a citizen, in amazement, still hunting that honest man?" "Nah!" replied Diogenes (for it was he) in disgust. "I found him long ago—hadn't you heard of the fellow that paid his taxes when he hadn't been assessed? What I'm hunting now is the Marylander who is opposed to giving the cruiser Maryland a silver service, and I'm about to give it up as a hopeless task."—Baltimore American.

**Yellow Art.**  
Tommy Figjam—Paw, whose picture is that fellow there where you're readin'?"  
Paw Figjam—Why, that's a half-tone of a second cousin of the step-brother of an aunt by second marriage of the foster sister of the chap who is suspected of being in possession of information as to who was an accomplice of the mysterious unknown who assisted in kidnapping Sloppy Saddle the Sad-Eyed Shop Girl.

**Big Charlie's Joke.**  
Charlemagne was in need of amusement. "Why," they asked him, "do you have such a large number of court jesters in constant attendance on your royal person?"  
"Because," he replied with a right regal chuckle, "I could not earn the surname of 'The Great' were I not careful to keep my wits about me."

**Flying Start.**  
"Did you ask papa?"  
"I certainly did. You can't bluff me."  
"Well, how did he take it?"  
"His manner of taking it gave me quite a start."  
"What did he say that gave you a start?"  
"It was not so much what he said as what he did."

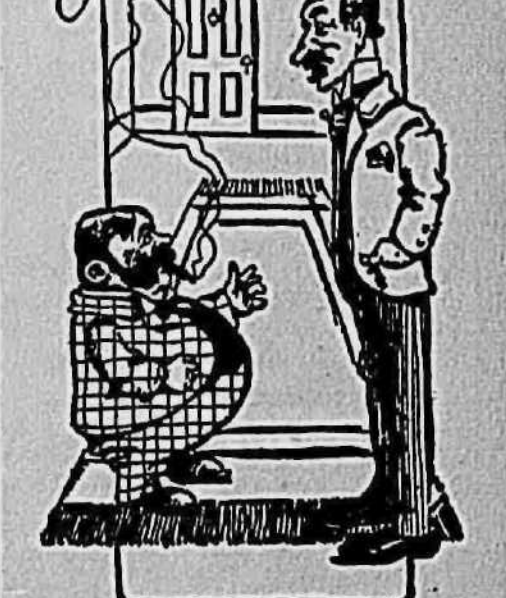
**Natural Conclusion.**  
Tess—How do you know she's going to marry Mr. Hoamley for his money?  
Jess—She told me so.  
Tess—You don't mean to say she admitted she was going to marry him for his money?  
Jess—Same thing; she told me she was going to marry him.

**Of Two Evils.**  
Lawyer—Now, see here, do you mean to say that you didn't know when you married your husband that he was a counterfeiter?  
Witness—Yes, sir, I knew it.  
Lawyer—Aha! Then why did you marry him?  
Witness—I had to choose between him and a lawyer.

**Relief in the Near Future.**  
Stranger—Why don't you people go to work and improve your roads?  
Native—Hain't no use.  
Stranger—Why not?  
Native—Sim Brown's workin' on a alrshp that he 'xpects to have completed 'most any day now.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

**Heaven on This Side the Styx.**  
The single aunt—You should be most assiduous to keep yourself unspotted from the world, Cornelia. You are solicitous, are you not, to enter heaven after you cross the river?  
The bud—Yes, but, auntie, I'm not averse to a little heaven on this side.—Puck.

**Not His Fault.**



Long—Did you give him the high sign?  
Short—Well, I did the best I could.—Chicago Journal.

**Going to Extremes.**  
Guggins (oracularly)—I don't think you're wise in procrastinating in the matter. "Never put off till to-morrow is my motto, you know!"  
Muggins (scornfully)—And always go to bed with your clothes on, I suppose!

**Does Not Worry About Debts.**  
"Well, my friend, I never pay my old debts, I forget them."  
"And your new ones?"  
"Oh, I let them get old."—Fligende Blaetter.

# Ayer's

Why is it that Ayer's Hair Vigor does so many remarkable things? Because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair, puts new life into it. The hair

**Hair Vigor**  
cannot keep from growing. And gradually all the dark, rich color of early life comes back to gray hair.

"When I first used Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was about all gray. But now it is a nice rich black, and as thick as I could wish."  
—MRS. SUSAN KLOPFENSTEIN, Tuscumbia, Ala.

50¢ a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

# Gray Hair

**In Defense of War.**  
What! warfare can't be reconciled with modern thought? Why, man, you're wild.  
Come back to reasoning and sense. What's that? War's such a great expense?  
There is some truth in that, but still, do not the people foot the bill?  
What for? To see their emblem wave O'er home of free and land of grave—I should say "brave!" 'twas just a slip of tongue, entanglement of lip.  
What's that you say, sir? I'm surprised! You say "War's murder—organized." Dear me! You mustn't let your brain go mad. Be logical! Be sane!  
Come, come! You know as well as I that war's established. See? That's why it's right. You know it's backed up, too, by lots of bigger men than you.  
What's that you say? "Thou shalt not kill!"  
Oh, yes, I've heard of that, but, still, that means—that doesn't mean the men who don't—er—don't come back again—You catch my point? It's different. When quite a lot of them are meant.  
—Lippincott's.

**Great Discovery.**  
The tourist found the little town in Arkansas in a great state of jubilation.

"Fair day?" ventured the tourist.  
"Better than that, suh," replied the lanky native in the stick-candy shirt. "Clrcus in town?"  
"Wrong again, stranger."  
"Ah, I have it! The town has just had an election?"  
"No, sirree!"  
"Then what on earth is the cause of all the excitement?"  
"Well, you know, stranger, mosquitoes breed malaria."

"Yes."  
"Well, our local doctor has just discovered that great results are brought about by giving the mosquitoes quinine pills instead of the people. That's why we are celebrating."

**No Secret About It.**  
It is no secret, that for Cuts, Burns, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Sore Eyes, Boils, etc., nothing is so effective as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. "It didn't take long to cure a bad sore I had, and it is all O. K. for sore eyes," writes D. L. Gregory, of Hope, Tex. 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store.

**Dr. John Brown's "Toast."**  
The celebrated Dr. John Brown, who founded the "Brunonian" system of medicine, was, in addition to being an exceedingly clever physician, a somewhat witty personage.  
For many years he paid his attentions to a certain lady, without meeting with the success he desired, during which time he was accustomed to propose her health in company when called on for a toast. Being observed one day to omit the usual tribute, a gentleman present reminded him that he had forgotten to toast his charmer.  
"Why, indeed," said the doctor, "I find it all in vain. Since I have toasted her so many years, and still cannot make her Brown, I am resolved to toast her no longer."

**Gen. Lee's Treat to His Staff.**  
Gen. Lee usually maintained a cheerful men toward his staff, and often had a joke at their expense. On one occasion a demijohn was carried into his tent, which excited visions of good whisky or brandy. About 12 o'clock he came out of his tent and asked the officers he saw if they would have something. He told the steward to serve it, and what was their surprise and disgust to find it was buttermilk. He was very fond of this simple beverage.

**An Accomplished Daughter.**  
Mrs. B.—I suppose you find your daughter very much improved by her two years' stay at college?  
Mrs. Proudmothe—La, yes! Mary Elizabeth is a carnivorous reader now and she frequently impoverishes music. But she isn't a bit stuck up—she's unanimous to everybody, and she never keeps a caller waitin' for her to dress; she just runs in nom de plume, and you know that makes one feel so comfortable.—Lippincott's.

**Disease takes no summer vacation.**  
If you need flesh and strength use  
**Scott's Emulsion**  
summer as in winter.

Send for free sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,  
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.  
50c and \$1.00 all druggists.

**Caught the Habit.**  
"Be ye worried, Mirandy?"  
"No, Zeke."  
"Ain't got no secret troubles?"  
"No, Zeke."  
"Be ye expectin' anythin' onpleasant?"  
"No, Zeke. Why ye askin'. What's yer reason?"  
"O, I ain't got no reason. I was just askin' fer nothin' in perticuler, like wimmin do."

**Helpful.**  
Mrs. Nexdore—"My daughter had her first opportunity last night to play the new piano we bought for her. Did you hear her?"  
Mrs. Pepprey—"Yes, we had company last night; we were delighted."  
Mrs. Nexdore—"Er—really?"  
Mrs. Pepprey—"Yes, we didn't like our callers at all and were glad they left early."

**Ungallant Man.**  
Tess—"She was vaccinated the other day, I hear."  
"Yes, but she's awfully disappointed about it."  
Tess—"What's the matter? Didn't it take?"  
Jess—"Oh, yes, but the stupid doctor neglected to say anything complimentary about her pretty arm."



**Reassuring.**  
Miss Antique—Is this Dr. Killmore?  
Dr. Killmore—Yes, madam; you're safe. I'm not Dr. Osler.

**Not On Time.**  
"Mamma," called a Wilson avenue tot from the top of the stairs, "come an' stay with me till I get to sleep—I'm frightened!"  
"Didn't I tell you," was the reply, "that there was no need to be afraid, because God would be with you?"  
"Yes, you did—but He ain't showed up."—Cleveland Leader.

**Easily Explained.**  
"That Mrs. Smiley is a very attractive woman, don't you think?"  
"I didn't think so this morning."  
"You didn't?"  
"No. I took the other side of the street when I saw her."  
"That's strange."  
"Not at all. She was using the garden hose."

**Conclusive Evidence.**  
Judge—You are charged with blowing open a safe and abstracting \$200 in coin therefrom. Have you anything to say?  
Prisoner—Is it true that I overlooked \$10,000 in bills?  
Judge—Yes.  
Prisoner—My plea will be insanity.

**Paying for Gas.**  
"What is a retainer, pop?"  
"A retainer, my son, is the money people pay us lawyers before we do any work."  
"Oh, I see. It's like those pay gas meters. The people have to pay the money before they get any gas."—Yonkers Statesman.

**Guaranty.**  
Old Grabbenheimer (tearfully)—Bromise, bromise me, mein dear boy, dot you vill make mein daughter happy.  
Young Nickelbaum (briskly)—I guarantees perfect satisfaction, Meester Grabbenheimer, or I returns der girl.—Puck.

**Early Spring Item.**  
"Watch out," said the wise sparrow to the early mockingbird, "be careful what you're doing."  
"Why, what's up?"  
"You are," said the sparrow, "and the first thing you know they'll catch you and sell you for a song."—Atlanta Constitution.

**His Side Line.**  
"Business is booming with the Rev. Goodman."  
"I presume you mean that he is saying lots of souls."  
"No; I mean that he tied seventeen marriage knots last week. Saving souls is just his side line."—Detroit Tribune.

**Didn't Even Want to Do That.**  
Itinerant Ike—Ever play chess?  
Weary Walter—No; too much like work.  
Why, you can sit for an hour or more without moving.  
But you've got to move some time, haven't you?

**Explaining It.**  
Magistrate—I suppose you will claim you were suffering from temporary insanity when you hit this man.  
Prisoner—No, judge. I dunno 't I c'd say 'twas "temp'rance insanity." 'Twas drunk I was at the toime, sor.

**Never Touched Him.**  
Goodley—"Poor fellow! His story was very affecting wasn't it?"  
Hardart—"Yes, but it didn't affect my pocketbook."

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## ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

### LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Rev. Hay of Maywood has been spending several days at Allendale.

Russel Dawson visited friends in the country Friday.

Mrs. Charles Hamlin left Monday for a visit with friends at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Principal A. O. Gullidge of Grays Lake called on friends between trains Saturday.

The pupils of the Lake Villa school will have a picnic on the shore of Deep Lake Friday.

Mrs. E. Wald and little daughter of Grays Lake are spending the week with Mrs. Wald's parents.

Mrs. C. G. Nelson went to Grays Lake Monday evening to play for the pupils who are to take part in the union commencement Thursday evening.

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mrs. J. G. Rowling Saturday evening and gave Miss Ethel Collins a pleasant surprise.

Dr. Jamieson took John Walker to the hospital again Saturday. He has not recovered as rapidly as was hoped since his return from the hospital and has now had a relapse which necessitated his return.

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. Davies is visiting her mother Mrs. Spring and family.

The Church Aid society will serve at the Alumni banquet on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Carfield spent Tuesday in Chicago.

Dr. and Mrs. Summerville have moved into one of Mr. Robinson's residences.

Next Sunday morning will be children's day exercises at both churches.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Higley visited over Sunday at Wheaton, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Barstow.

Mr. and Mrs. Churchill and little daughter are spending the week with relatives at Kansas City.

Mr. J. J. Longabaum, who has been away for his health returned home on Saturday morning, his condition being about the same.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Adams and daughter Lillian left on Tuesday for Columbia, Virginia, where they will visit Mr. Adams parents.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

The church is now ready for the painters.

Mrs. Helen Buss and little son returned to Rochester last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Strang went to Chicago last Wednesday for a few days visit.

Miss May Niekirk has been visiting at Mrs. Wm. Thoms.

Rev. and Mrs. Mitchell and two children of Oak Park, were here last week.

Mrs. Wm. Mitchell, of Waukegan, was home last week.

Ralph Harris is here visiting with his sisters, Mrs. Thom and Mrs. Dodge.

Mr. Henry Bater and daughters Florence and Anna, of Waukegan, were here on Decoration Day.

Mrs. John Fulton and son James were here Thursday and Friday visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Pollock.

Mrs. Scott Leroy and son returned Monday to their home in St. Johns, Indiana, after spending a week with Mrs. Wienecke.

C. E. topic, June 11—"Not ashamed of the Gospel." Rom. 1:13-17. Harold Minto, leader.

Mr. Ross, who recently returned from Setotland, called on relatives here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Matthews and sons, of Kenosha, spent Decoration Day at Herbert Matthews.

Mrs. Bater entertained about seventy five persons at the Ladies Aid last Thursday.

The C. E. business meeting was postponed from the date of June 9, to June 16, when it will meet with Mrs. H. E. Jamieson.

Mr. and Mrs. Pantall go this week to Nebraska to visit with their old friends, the Leithe's, who live in Fremont, Neb.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Cannon expect to start on Tuesday for a ten day's trip to Nebraska.

### HICKORY.

Rev. Parice spent Sunday at A. T. Savage's.

Miss Lou Ames spent Saturday in Chicago.

Bert Edwards spent Friday and Saturday in Chicago.

Choir practice on Saturday evening at 7:45.

Mr. O. L. Hollenbeck's father is very low and no hopes for recovery.

Miss Lizzie Runyard, of Antioch, is spending a few days with Maud Ling at Mrs. White's, Sr.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Georgie Tillison and Mr. Alva Scoville on Wednesday noon, June 14.

Mrs. John White, Sr., spent last week Waukegan visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. Kennedy.

The C. I. society will be postponed one week. They will meet on Wednesday afternoon, June 21. They expect to have a baby show. All the babies are expected to be present, and everyone is invited to come and bring your little one. Prizes will be awarded on all sizes, weights and etc., under 3 years of age. A good supper for 10 cents. Come.

### BRISTOL, WIS.

Rev. J. L. Sizer made the round trip to Chicago on Thursday of last week.

Mr. A. D. Gaines spent last week at the home of his mother, Mrs. C. B. Gaines.

Mr. Fred Murdoch was a Kenosha visitor on Friday of last week.

Miss Mama Bacon made her usual trip to Chicago on Saturday last.

Mr. Arthur Halle, of Pleasant Prairie, was seen in our town on Sunday last.

Mr. Will Gunter made his usual trip to Waukegan on Sunday.

Mr. W. A. Rowbottom made a business trip to Kenosha on Friday of last week.

Miss Vera Gaines entertained a few of her young friends in honor of her seventh birthday on Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. C. B. Gaines and son Arthur spent Thursday of last week with Mrs. J. Evans, of Salem.

Mrs. Brown went to Racine on Saturday last to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. D. A. Wicks.

Mrs. C. M. Bishop, Mrs. J. W. Shottliff and Mrs. Kingman were shopping in Kenosha on Saturday last.

Miss Flo Lacey and a young lady friend of Chicago, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Wm. Perigo.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Burgess, of Rochester, spent Friday at the home of D. L. Burgess, of this place.

Mrs. A. H. Bottley went to Chicago on Sunday to spend a few days with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Merrick.

The C. & N. W. R'y have been repairing their buildings here. They have put a new roof on the depot and have also put in a nice hard wood floor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Castle, of Chicago, spent the latter part of last week and the fore part of this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Castle, of this place.

Mrs. Sizer was given a hearty surprise by a host of her friends on Friday evening of last week. Everybody reports having had a good time.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Mrs. Hanneman is entertaining a daughter and two nieces from Minnesota.

Geo. Booth and wife returned from their visit in St. Paul on Thursday evening.

The Ladies Aid Society met with Mrs. Sheen on Thursday and was well attended.

Miss Bertha Hanneman and Charles Otting of Camp Lake were married in Chicago Tuesday, June 6.

Mrs. Elsie Arnold and daughter Marg urite of Kenosha and Mrs. George Faulkner of Wilmet spent Monday with Sarah Patrick.

Mr. Rix of Kalamazoo, Mich., was here this week to superintend the erection of a monument in memory of Mr. and Mrs. Seth Cooley.

On the first indication of kidney trouble, stop it by taking Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Lace-Bark.

There are in all about half a dozen lace-bark trees in the world, so called because the inner bark yields a natural lace in ready-made sheet form, which can be made up in serviceable articles of apparel. Only four of these curious species of trees are of much practical value. Tourists who have stopped at Hawaii or Samoa may recall the lace-bark clothing of the natives—clothing of a most brown color when new, of remarkable strength and of a fragrant odor, like freshly cured tobacco leaf. The native tapa cloth, as it is called, is made from the bark of the bruseoda papirifer, but it is not usually included among the real lace-bark trees.

### Study Disease of Plants.

The city of Vienna has established a phyto-pathological institute for the study of the diseases of plants.

## The State Bank of Antioch

at Antioch, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the thirty-first day of May, 1905, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the State of Illinois, pursuant to law, RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, \$ 113,531 37

Banking House, \$ 4,500 00

Furniture and Fixtures, \$ 1,500 00

Due from National Banks, \$ 20,633 10

Due from State Banks and Banks, \$ 6,000 00

Checks and other Cash Items, \$ 50 25

Cash on Hand—

a. Gold Coin, \$ 1,025 00

b. Silver Coin, \$ 320 85

c. National Bank Currency, \$ 3,735 00

d. Legal Tender and Treasury Notes, \$ 100 50

e. Fractional Currency, nickels and cents, \$ 5 157 35

Total, \$ 157,765 07

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in, \$ 25,000 00

Surplus Fund, \$ 1,145 00

Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid, \$ 745 02

Dividends Unpaid, \$ 18 00

Demand Deposits, Indiv'd, \$ 16,000 48

Demand Deposits, certificates, \$ 114,855 59

Total, \$ 157,765 07

State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss: I, W. F. Ziegler, Cashier of The State Bank of Antioch, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. F. ZIEGLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of June, 1905.

D. A. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

### An Ordinance For The Sale Of Real Estate.

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, Illinois.

SECTION 1. That a certain piece of property, as herein after described, and used as a gravel pit, has become useless for the purpose for which it was purchased, it is considered advisable to sell the same.

SECTION 2. Property to be sold, described as follows: Commencing at a point North 3 degrees 50 minutes East 291 5-10 feet, of the South-West corner of Lot 7, Simons Addition to the Village of Antioch; thence North 3 degrees 50 minutes East 86 feet; thence North 14 degrees East 148 9-10 feet; thence North 44 degrees West 32 2-10 feet; thence West 152 4-10 feet to a point which is 80 feet Southerly of a point on the Quarter Section line, which is 693 56-100 feet East of the North-West corner of the South-West Quarter of Section 8, Township 46 North of Range 10 East, thence Southerly 250 feet; thence East 183 8-10 feet to the place of beginning, excepting and reserving a piece or parcel of land conveyed to Anna J. Karr, and recorded in the Records office of Lake Co., No. 58496, in book 104 of Deeds, page 184, according to a survey made by Jno. H. Lee, March 22, 1892.

All bids for said property must be made on or before June 21st, 1905, at which time the bids will be opened, and sale made to the highest bidder, provided however the Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

ERNEST L. SIMONS, President of the Village.

L. M. HUGHES, Village Clerk.

Passed April 18, 1905.

Approved April 18, 1905.

Published April 20, 1905.

### Warning.

If you have kidney or bladder trouble and do not use Foley's Kidney Cure, you will have only yourself to blame for results, as it positively cures all forms of kidney and bladder diseases. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### He Wasn't a Legislator.

A traveling man who "makes" Kansas City frequently was dining in the cafe of one of the large hotels when he thought he'd play a trick on his waiter. "See that man at the next table, George?" he said.

The waiter nodded assent. "That's Dr. Alonzo Tubbs, the Missouri legislator, who is trying to stop tipping." The waiter grew interested at once.

"Well, ain't dat too bad," he said. "Ah's been waitin' on him too." "Well, you won't get any tip there," said the traveling man. "Ah suttin'ly treated him right," replied the waiter.

"A few minutes later the man at the other table left and the waiter returned to the traveling man. "Well," said the drummer, "what did I tell you?" "Excuse me, sah, but ah thinks you tole me or fabrication," said the waiter, grinning. "Dat man ain't a legislator—he's a gentleman." The man had given him a quarter.

### Charlie Bright's Plan.

"And you told Charlie that he could call upon your father?" "Yes, mama."

"Well, he hasn't been to see him." "I know he hasn't. You see, Charlie is so thoughtful. He doesn't want to spring it on papa too suddenly. He knows how nervous he is. So he thought it might be well for him to go as somebody else. Disguised, you know, so that papa wouldn't recognize him. And after papa had exhausted his—his rage on the dummy, then Charlie would come in as himself and papa would be too weak to refuse him. It's a splendid plan, don't you think so?"

"Do I think so? Well, think when your father gets through with the dummy your friend Charlie will be too weak to ask him for anything." Cleveland Plain Dealer.

No good health unless the kidneys are sound. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the right. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## WILLIAMS BROS. ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE.

### It Looks Like a Good Time to Buy Summer Stock Sugar.

Window Shades, we sell them with adjustable roller, only 25c.

Screen Doors, a good one, at 90 cts and \$1.00.

Lawn Mowers, 14 in. \$3.00, 16 in. \$3.25, 18 in. \$3.50.

Nails, all sizes, at extremely low prices.

Williams Bros. Best Flour, \$1.60 a sack.

Pillsbury's Best XXXX Flour, \$1.60 a sack.

Agency American Field Fencing - Show a New Poultry Fence - See it Did you try our 20c and 25c Coffee? The real value is 25c and 30c

Inheritance. There lived a man who raised his hand and said: "I will be great!" And through a long, long life he bravely knocked At Fame's closed gate.

A son he left, who, like his sire, strove High place to win; Worn out, he died, and, dying, left no trace That he had been.

He also left a son, who, without care Or planning how, Bore the fair letters of a deathless fame Upon his brow.

"Behold a genius, filled with fire divine," The people cried, Not knowing that to make him what he was Two men had died.

—Isabelle Ecclestone Mackay, in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

### Horticultural Item.

The secretary of a rural English society for the propagation and advancement of agriculture the other day received this letter: "Sir—I particularly wish the satirist to be called to consider the case what follows, as I think it might be made translatable in the next Reports. My wife had Tomcat Cat that dyd. Being a torture shell and a grate favrit, we had Him berried in the Buardian and for the sake of the enrichment of the mold I had the carks deposited under the roots of a Gotsberry Bush (The Frute being until then of a smooth kind). But next Seasons Frute, after the Cat was berried, the Gosberries was all hairy, and more Remarkable the Catpillers of the same Bush was al of the same hairy Description."

How Birds Build Nests. Swallows and house martins build by sticking together pellets of prepared road mud. Most of the material is obtained from the drying puddles on the high roads. If not mixed with anything else the tendency of these pellets would be to crumble when dry. But the swallow tribe is supplied with a mucous secretion which enables it to gum these particles together. The swallows' nests, from which the Chinese "bird's nest soup" is made, are constructed of this mucous matter only. An Indian swallow which builds little boat-shaped nests against the trunks of lofty trees practically makes them of dried saliva.

Chronic bronchial troubles and summer coughs can be quickly relieved and cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Death to Unmuzzled Cattle.

Close to the frontier of Nepal is the mountain of Sandook-Pnu, which means in the Tibetan language, "The hill of the Poison plant," or aconite. This plant is so abundant, and so deadly in its effects, that all sheep and cattle passing over the mountain are muzzled by their drivers.

Curiously enough only those cattle that are newly imported from the plains are fatally affected. The natives believe that the sheep of the district learn to shun the youngest leaves, which are the most virulent.

A more likely explanation is that they grow habituated to the drug by taking it in small quantities.—Stray Stories.

### He Squeezed His Eye.

One day a little niece of mine, aged 5, was traveling toward Boston with her mother, and by way of diversion started a little flirtation with a brakeman on the train. The little one and the man got along famously, and as the latter proceeded to his duties in another part of the car he winked his farewell. Turning to her mother, the little girl exclaimed: "Why, mamma, the man squeezed his eye at me."—Boston Herald.

### Push Auditorium Into Street.

A Carlsruhe engineer is said to have invented a contrivance by means of which, in the vent of fire, the auditorium of a theater can be detached by hydraulic power from the stage and pushed, audience and all, into the street.

Oldest Lighthouse in Use. The lighthouse at Corunna, Spain, is believed to be the oldest one now in use. It was erected during the reign of Trajan, and rebuilt in 1634.

### Priest and Poet.

The priest at the foot of the ladder stood weeping. The poet stood smiling at the head of the stair; Said the priest to the singer: "I pray you to tell me The road that you traveled to get where you are."

I have stood here as herald and watchman and shepherd Since long years before you were born, night and day. There's only one road to the place you are standing. And I know that you never ascended that way."

Said the poet, in turn to the sad, holy preacher: "You are right, I am sure, so rest and be calm; No ladder I climbed, no creed was my teacher. God made me up here; I was born where I am."

—National Magazine.

### JUDGE BROWN WOULD SETTLE.

Invited Guest Had No Use for the Bill of Fare. Judge Brown, whose boyhood home was in a small New England village, had the reputation of being a very kind-hearted man. He was always glad to see his old friends, no matter how rustic they might seem.

One occasion the judge had some legal business in the capital of his native state, and there met an old farmer from his birthplace, who was taking an unwonted holiday and looked rather bewildered. The judge invited the old man to dine with him at the hotel.

When the farmer took his seat at the table one of the waiters laid a bill of fare before him. The old man looked at it, and then facing round to look the waiter squarely in the face, he said, in a tone than rang through the dining room: "No need to gimme that, young feller. Judge Brown cal'lates to settle my bill. He came from our town, an' I know his ways."

During the summer kidney irregularities are often caused by excessive drinking or being overheated. Attend to the kidneys at once by using Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### All the Appearance.

A small boy from the north who was visiting a relative in one of the southern states where convict labor is employed in public improvements became very interested in the men and their black and white striped clothes. One day he went to a circus and for the first time in his life saw a zebra. "Oh, auntie," he cried, "look at the convict mule."—Lippincott's.

### After Many Years.

The grandfather sat in his easy chair and the grandson laughed: "Hot! Ho!" while he repeated the very latest joke—but it filled his heart with woe, when the old man sadly smiled and said: "My boy, that's a good joke, I know; I laughed myself when I heard it first—some fifty years ago."

### Are School Children Overworked?

A distinguished German expert in school hygiene, Dr. Schmidt-Monnard, of Halle, has found the number of sick among the children attending morning and afternoon sessions by one-half greater than among children who attend sessions in the forenoon only.

### Eyes of Snails and Fishes.

Snails have eyes at the ends of tubes, which they can project like guns from a turret, enabling them to see in all directions at once, whereas most fishes—being without necks—have to turn their entire body to see more than a small part of their surroundings.

### Wonderful Paris.

Paris! Paris! No other city knows how to amuse itself. The passing of time elsewhere so pitiless, here brings but a succession of feast days, which follow so rapidly and closely that one has hardly time to count them.—Journal des Debats.

### A Fatal Deficiency.

A man was killed by a circular saw, and in his obituary, it was stated that he was "a good citizen, an upright man and an ardent patriot, but of limited information regarding circular saws."

## ELECTROPINOS, 20095

Sired by ELECTROTYPE 9006

Sire of

Election Time 2:15½ p, Pauline 2:21¼, Adaline Body 2:15¼, The Roman 2:24¼, Electro Bells 2:22¼, Belle Aris 2:39¼, Onida 2:29¼.

1st dam Little Daisy, by Leeward 4917, by Onward 1411.

2nd dam Daisy, by Col. Hambrick 5805, by Dictator 113.

3rd dam Old Mag, by Edwin Forest 49, by Kentucky Hunter.

ELECTROPINOS will be traveled from May 1 to July 1, after that he will stand the remainder of the season at my barn, 1 mile west of Rosecrans and 2 miles east of Hickory.

TERMS: \$15.00 to insure a live colt. Not responsible for any accidents where carelessness can be proven.

Send for tabulated pedigree.

Also the MORGAN STALLION ELECT MORRILL 5035

will make the season of 1905 at my barn. TERMS: \$10.00 to insure a live colt. Not responsible for any accidents where carelessness can be proven.

For further particulars call on or address L. J. SLOCUM, Russell, Illinois.

## PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to



# CRIPPS, THE CARRIER

BY  
R. D. BLACKMORE

Author of "LORNA DOONE," "ALICE LORRAINE," ETC., ETC.

## CHAPTER XXII.—(Continued.)

"So you may, my dear boy, and well come now. This will lift you altogether beyond it. Your dear father may consider it his duty to continue the office, and so on. But you will be a country gentleman, Kit, with horses, and dogs, and a pack of hounds, and a long barouche, and live with you, my darling; or at least make our country house of it, and show you how to manage things. For the whole world will be trying to cheat you, Kit; you are too good-natured, and grand in your ways! You must try to be a little sharper, darling, with that mint of money."

"Must I? But suppose that I won't have it?"

"Sometimes I believe you think it manly to provoke your mother. The money ought to have been ours, Kit; mine by heritage and justice; at least a year and a half ago. Now I hope that you see things in their proper light."

"Well, I dare say I do," he answered, with a little turn of sulkiness, such as he often got when people could not understand him; "mother, you will allow me to have my own opinion, as you have yours."

"You will behave, I trust, exactly as your parents wish. They have seen so much more of the world than you have, they are far better judges of right and wrong; and their only desire is your highest interest. You will break your poor mother's heart, dear Kit, if you do anything foolish now."

Mr. Sharp did not come home to their early dinner at half-past one o'clock; indeed, his wife did not expect him much; and his son was delighted not to see him. Kit sat heavily, but took his food as usual. The condition of his mind might be very sad indeed; but his body was not to be driven thereby to neglect the duties of his own department. He helped his dear mother to some loins of mutton, and when she only played with it, and her knife and fork were trembling, he was angered, and his eyes sought hers; and she tried to look at him and smile, but made a wretched job of it. Christopher reserved his opinion about this; but it did not help in any way to impair his resolution.

"At seven o'clock all must be ready," said Mr. Sharp, towards the close of a hurried conversation with Miss Patch, Grace Olander being sent out of the way, according to established signal; "there is no time to lose, and no ladies' tricks of unpunctuality, if you please. We must have daylight for these horrid forest roads, and time it so as to get into the London road about half-past eight. We must be in London by two in the morning; the horses and all that will be forthcoming. Kit rides outside, and I follow on horseback. Hannah, why do you hesitate?"

"Because I cannot—I cannot go away, without having seen that Jesuit priest in the pig-net wallowing. It is such a grand providential work. Luke, I beg you, I implore you—I can pack up everything in an hour—do not rob me of a sight like that."

"Hannah, are you mad? You have never been allowed to go near that place, and you never shall."

"Well, you know best; but it does seem very cruel. But suppose that the child should refuse to come with us—we have no letters now, nor any other ministrations."

"We have no time now for such trumpery; we must carry things now with a much higher hand. Everything hangs upon the next few hours; and by this time to-morrow night all shall be safe; Kit and the girl gone for their honeymoon, and you sitting under the most furious duetman that ever thumped a cushion."

"Oh, Luke, how can you speak as if you really had no reverence?"

"Because there is no time for such stuff now. We have the strength, and we must use it. Just go and get ready. I must ride to meet my people. The girl, I suppose, is with Kit by this time. What a pair they will be!"

"I am sure they will be a very pretty pair—so far as of a thousandfold more importance, their worldly means will be the means of grace to hundreds of our poor fellow creatures."

"Now, Hannah, no time for that. Get ready. And mind that there must be no feminine weakness, if circumstances should compel us to employ a little compulsion."

He went to the place where his horse was tied, and there he found a man with a message for him, which he just stopped to hearken.

"As loovin' as a pair o' tortle doves," Black George had been set to watch Kit and Grace, during their private interview, lest any precaution should be overlooked.

"Right! Here's a guinea for you, my man. Now you know what to do till I come back—to stay where you are, and keep a sharp lookout. Can the fool in the net do without any water? Very well, after dark, give him some food, bandage his eyes, and walk him to and fro, and let him go in Banbury."

"All right, governor. A rare bait he shall have of it, with a little swim in the canal, to clane 'um."

"No hardship, no cruelty!" cried Mr. Sharp, with his finger to his forehead, as he rode away; "only a little wise discipline to lead him into closer attention to his own affairs."

Black George looked after his master with a grin of admiration. "He sticks at it!" said George to himself, as he began to fill a grimy pipe; "he sticks at it, no more than I would. And with all that house and lands to back 'um! Most folk with money got no pluck left, for thinking of others as owneth the same." With these words he sat down to watch the house, according to his orders.

Grace Olander came down the winding, wooded path, with her hat pinking at every step, because she was ordered to meet somebody. An idea of that kind did not please her. A pride, or a prim, she would never wish to be; and a little bit of flirting had been a

great relief, and a pleasant change in her loneliness. But to bring matters to a point, and have to say what she meant to say, in a few words as possible, and then walk off—these strong measures were not to her liking, because she was a most kind-hearted girl, and had much good will towards Christopher. Kit, on the other hand, came along fast, with a resolute brow and firm heavy stride. He had made up his mind to be wretched for life, if the heart upon which he had set his own should refuse to throw responsively. But whatever his fate might be, he would tread the highest path of generosity, chivalry and honor.

And now they met in a gentle place, roofed with leaves, and floored with moss, and decorated with bluebells. The chill of the earth was gone by and forgotten, and the power of the sky came back again; stately tree, and graceful bush, and brown depths of tangled prickles—everything having green life in it—was spreading its green, and proud of it. Under this roof, and in these halls of bright young verdure, the youth and the maid came face to face befittingly. Grace, as bright as a rose, and flushing with true tint of wild rose, drew back and bowed, and then perceiving serious hurt of Christopher, kindly offered a warm, white hand—a delicious touch for any one. Kit laid hold of this and kept it, though with constant fear of doing more than was established, saying to look firm and overpowering, led that fair young woman to a trunk of fallen oak.

Here they both sat down; and Grace was not so far as she could wish from yielding to a little kind of trembling which arose in her. She glanced at Kit sideways whenever she felt that he could not be looking at her; and she kept her wise eyes mainly downward whenever they seemed to be wanted—not that she could not look up and speak, only that she would rather wait until there was no other help for it; and, as for that, she felt no fear, being sure that he was afraid of her. Kit, on the other hand, was full of fear, and did all he could in the craftiest manner to make his love look up at him. He could not tell how she might take his tale; but he knew by instinct that his eyes would help him where his tongue might fail. At last he said:

"No, will you promise faithfully not to be angry with me?"

"Oh, yes, oh, yes—to be sure," said Grace; "why should I be angry?"

"Because I can't help it—I give you my honor. I have tried very hard, but I cannot help it."

"Then who could be angry with you, unless it was something very wicked?"

"It is not very wicked, it is very good—too good for me, a great deal, I am afraid."

"There cannot be many things too good for you; you are simple and brave and gentle."

"But this is too good for me, ever so much, because it is my own dear self."

Grace was afraid that this was coming; and now she lifted her soft blue eyes and looked at him quite tenderly, and yet so directly and clearly, that he knew in a moment what she had for him—pity, and trust, and liking; but of heart's love not one atom.

"I know what you mean," he whispered sadly, with his bright young face cast down. "I cannot think what can have made me such a fool. Only please to tell me one thing. Has there been any chap in front of me?"

"How can I tell what you mean?" asked Grace; but her color showed that she could guess.

"I must not ask who it is, of course."

"I think that I had better go. Only, as I cannot ever meet you any more, I must try to tell you that I like you very much, and never shall forget what I owe you; and I hope you will very soon recover from this—this little disappointment; and my dear father, as soon as we return to England—for I must go to fetch him—"

"Grace—oh, let me call you 'Grace' once or twice, it can't matter here in the middle of the wood—Grace, I was so taken up with myself, and full of my miserable folly, of course I ought to have known better."

"I must not stop to hear any more. There is my hand—yes, of course you may kiss it, after all that you have done for me."

"I am going to do a great deal more for you," cried Kit, quite carried away with the yielding kindness of lovely fingers. "For your sake I am going to injure and disgrace my own father. It is my father who has kept you here; and to-night he is going to carry you off. Miss Patch is only a tool of his. Your own father knows not a word about it. He believes you to be dead and buried. Your tombstone is set up at Beckley, and your father goes and cries over it."

"But his letters—his letters from Demerara? Oh my head swims round! Let me hold by this tree for a moment!"

Kit threw his arm round her delicate waist to save her from falling; and away crept George, who had lurked behind a young birch tree too far off to hear their words.

"You must rouse up your courage," said Kit, with a young man's courage, his sweet burden, yet taking no advantage of her. "Rouse up your courage, and I will do my best to save you from myself. It is very hard—it is cruelly cruel, and nobody will thank me."

"His letters from Demerara?" cried Grace, having scarcely heard a word he said. "How could he have written them? You must be wrong."

"Of such letters I have never heard. I suppose they must have been forgeries. I give you my word that your father has been the whole of the time at Beckley, and a great deal too ill to go from home."

"Too ill—my father? Yes, of course—of course! How could he help being ill without me? And he thinks I am dead! Oh! he thinks that I am dead! I wonder that he could dare to be alive. But let me try to think a little."

She tottered back to the old stump of the tree, and sat down there, and burst forth into an extraordinary gush of weeping; more sad and pitiful tears had

never watered an innocent face before, "Let me cry—let me cry!" was her only answer, when the young man clumsily tried to comfort.

Kit got up and strode about; his indignation at her deep, low sobs, and her brilliant cheeks like a river's bed, and her rich hair dabbled like drifted corn, and about all the violent pain which made her lay both hands to her heart and squeeze—his wrath made him long to knock down people entitled to his love and reverence. He knew that her heart was quite full of her father in all his long desolation, and was making a row of pictures of him in deepening tribulation; but a girl might go on like that for ever; a man must take the lead of her.

"If you please, Miss Olander," he said, going up and lifting both her hands, and making her look at him, "you have scarcely five minutes to make up your mind whether you wish to have your father, or to be carried away from him."

Grace in confusion and fear looked up. All about herself she had forgotten; she had even forgotten that Kit was near; she was only pondering slowly now—as the mind at most critical moments does—some straw of a trifle that blew across.

"Do you care to have your father's life?" asked Kit, rather sternly, not seeing in the least the condition of her mind, but wondering at it. "If you do, you must come with me, this moment, down the hill, down the hill, as fast as ever you can. I know a place where they can never find us. We must hide there till dark, and then I will take you to Beckley."

But the young lady's nerves would not act at command. The shock and surprise had been too severe. All she could do was to gaze at Kit, with soft, imploring eyes, that tried to beg pardon for her helplessness.

"If we stay here another minute, you are lost," cried Kit, as he heard the sound of carriage wheels near the cottage, on the rise above them. "One question only—will you trust me?"

She moved her pale lips to say "yes," and faintly lifted one hand to him. Kit waited for no other sign, but caught her in his sturdy arms and bore her down the hill as fast as he could go without scratching her snow-white face, or tearing the arm which hung on his shoulder.

## CHAPTER XXIII.

Meanwhile Mr. Sharp had his forces ready, and was waiting for Grace and Christopher. Cinnamon's good Uncle Kershaw (who spent half of his useful time in stealing horses, and the other half in disguising and disposing of them), although he might not have desired to show himself so long before the moonlight, yet, true to honor, here he was, blinking beneath a three-cornered hat, like a grandly respectable coachman. The carriage was stopped in a shady place, quite out of sight from the windows. In picturesque attitudes of tobaccoizing three fine fellows might now be seen, it was, Black George, Joe Smith and that substantial householder, Tickuss Cripps. In the chaise sat a lady of comfortable aspect, though slightly now with fat, well-gloved hands. Mrs. Sharp had begged not to have to stop at home and wonder what might be doing with her own Kit; and the case being now one of neck or nothing, her husband had let her come, foreseeing that she might be of use with Grace Olander.

Mr. Sharp rode back to the cottage. Right well he knew what a time ladies take to put their clothes upon them; and the more grow the years of their practice in the art, the longer grow the hours needful. Still he thought Miss Patch had been quite long enough. But what could he say, when he saw her at her window, with the looking glass sternly set back upon the drawers, lifting her hands in short prayer, as genuine a prayer as was ever tried. She was praying for a blessing on this new adventure, and that all might lead up to the glory of the Kingdom; she besought to be relieved at last from her wearying instrumentality. Mr. Sharp still had some little faith left, and he did not scoff at his sister's prayer, as a man of low nature might have done.

Nevertheless he struck up with his whip at the very moment her bedroom window opened to the need of breath; and the lady, though shocked at the suggestion of curtailment, did curtail immediately. In less than five minutes she was busy at the doorway, seeing to the exit of everything; and presently, with very plump precision, she gave Mrs. Margery Daw half a crown, and a tract which some friend should read to her, after rubbing her glands with a rind of bacon and a worn-out pocket handkerchief.

(To be continued.)

## New Way to Make Butter

A committee of the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia has just made public its report on the Taylor process for butter-making. It is recommended that Mr. Taylor receive the John Scott medal and premium in recognition of the value of his invention.

In his new process sweet cream is poured into shallow pans the bottoms of which are covered with absorbent pads. These pads are composed of heavy white blotting paper supported on Turkish toweling, or some similar material, and absorb from the cream nearly all of its constituents except the fat. The cream fat remains as a layer on the surface of the pads and after several hours, standing it may be rolled off.

In this condition the product contains rather too much water and milk proteins; on this account, and because of the absence of salt, it does not keep well. If, however, the separated butter fat be worked and salted in the same way as the ordinary churned product the result is a fine grade of butter.

The process has the advantage of cheapness, since the pads may be used over and over again, lasting, it is said, for six months of daily use. The labor of churning is avoided and, on account of the use of fresh cream instead of that which has stood to ripen for several days, the finished product keeps better than butter made in the ordinary way. The process has been patented in the United States, Canada, England, France and Germany.

When a young man begins to call on a girl twice a week his mother fears the worst.

No woman knows the secret of being able to keep a secret.

## BODIES STREW SHORE

NEARLY 7,000 RUSSIANS PERISHED IN SEA BATTLE.

Rough Estimates of the Terrible Losses Suffered by the Czar's Fleet—Battle Was Supremely Terrible and the Big Victory Has Staggered Japan.

Rough estimates made of the Russian losses in the battle fought in the Sea of Japan, exclusive of nearly 4,000 prisoners, vary from 7,000 to 9,000. It is thought that the majority perished. Calculating the complements of the sunken and captured ships at upward of 10,000, this would leave 7,000 men unaccounted for. It is possible that the ships which escaped rescued some of the members of the crews of the less fortunate ships. Many bodies have been washed ashore on the islands and on the shores of the neighboring coasts near the scene of the battle.

Rear Admiral Voelkersam, who was commander of the battleship squadron of the Russian fleet, was killed the first day of the battle in the coming tower of his flagship, the battleship Oslabla, one of the vessels sunk by the Japanese.

Rear Admiral Voelkersam was appointed commander of the battleship squadron of the Russian fleet in July last and left Cronstadt Aug. 25 with the other vessels commanded by Admiral Rojestvensky. It was Voelkersam's squadron, according to report, which fired on the British travelers in the North Sea, mistaking them for Japanese torpedo boats.

Admiral Togo's supplementary report makes the Russian defeat a staggering disaster, unequalled in naval history. Practically every fighting ship of a once splendid fleet was either sunk

## BATTLE SUPREMELY TERRIBLE

London Correspondent's Graphic Account of Sea Fight.

The Tokyo correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph sends an interesting description of the naval battle from a correspondent with the Japanese fleet, who describes the scene as supremely terrible, the guns of nearly fifty warships firing.

Togo's vessels, this correspondent says, maneuvered with perfect precision. For a time both belligerents gave shot for shot, but with a hostile squadron on each side and another ahead of him, Rojestvensky was practically defeated within a few hours and was caught in the trap which had been waiting for him since he



SCENE OF SECOND BATTLE.

left Madagascar. He displayed hesitation in his tactics and this resulted in the utter confusion of the Russian fleet.

An infernal concentration of fire reached its zenith at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. As the Russians advanced in the direction of Vladivostok a Japanese squadron was lying between them and their destination and the doomed Russians were battered on all sides. Between 3 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon a cruiser of the



"I beg to report, Your Majesty, that the Baltic fleet has arrived at Vladivostok."—Chicago Tribune.

or captured, representing a loss of tonnage exceeding 150,000 tons. The remaining units of the fleet, consisting largely of auxiliaries and transports, have been dispersed, some going to Vladivostok, others to the China coast. Admiral Rojestvensky, wounded, occupies a cot in a Japanese hospital, a prisoner of war. The serious wound of Admiral Rojestvensky, who was taken to Sasebo on a Japanese battleship, is a bruise on the forehead and a slight fracture of the skull. The nature of his internal injuries is not known.

Tokio was astounded and elated at the extent of Togo's triumph. Before the combat a partial victory with oper-

Admiral Nakhimoff class and the repair ship Kamechatka foundered after their upper works had been shattered. The Russians broke in utter disorder, lost their formation and went zigzag. The Japanese closed in and pressed them toward the Nagato coast.

The fight lasted until 7 o'clock in the evening. The correspondent continues: "Togo risked nothing and lost nothing. Darkness brought a glorious night with smooth and transparent seas. The Russians were edging northward with the powerful Japanese fleet in a horizontal line across their bows, forming an effective barrier. Then, under searchlights and cover of the big guns of the warships, the Japanese torpedo boats began like locusts to sting and sink the enemy, the Russians continuing to return the gunfire. At 2 o'clock in the morning the fighting was fierce and intense and no rest was allowed the Russians."

"With dawn of Sunday the Japanese fleet came into still closer range. All day long the battle continued and by evening was raging off northern Nagato. The Russians were powerless to offer any effective resistance."

## The Veto Power in Ohio.

For more than 100 years the Governor of Ohio had no veto power, the present Governor, Myron T. Herrick, being the first invested with the power in that long period. The story about the way in which the veto power was taken away is an interesting one. Before Ohio became a State the Governor's salary was paid in fees. The returns were not sufficient to satisfy Gov. Sinclair, and he asked the Territorial Legislature to put him on salary. Accordingly two bills were drawn up. One of them provided a handsome salary for the Governor, the other abolished the fee system. The Governor passed the salary bill, but vetoed the one abolishing fees. It could not be passed over his veto, and he continued to draw both salary and fees. The next Legislature got even with a vengeance by taking the veto power away from the Governor entirely. Since then no Governor of the State, not even McKinley, has had any real power in his own hands.

Dug Up a Village 3,400 Years Old. After being buried for 3,400 years a village has again been brought to light by excavators near Breslau, Prussia, according to a recent telegram. The workmen unearthed 400 graves and 150 cave dwellings of the bronze age. Part of them are of the early bronze period, 1,500 B. C. Another part of the grave fields is of the later bronze age. The excavation includes a village of a dozen huts containing a collection of spinning and weaving instruments.

Patrolize those who advertise

## PULSE of the PRESS

"Lawson's associates will not talk," says a Boston dispatch. Lawson's associates probably do not get a chance.—Washington Post.

Admiral Beresford wants the United States and Great Britain to have one flag. Judgment will be suspended until the Admiral specifies the flag.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Young Rockefeller does not deem it necessary to defend his father. He is right. The old gentleman is able to retain good lawyers for that purpose.—Pittsburg Gazette.

Russia protests that Japan proposes to kidnap the Emperor of Korea. Why didn't Kuropatkin stay and see that the outrage was not perpetrated?—New York Evening Sun.

Mr. Carnegie has presented King Edward with a diploma. He neglected the usual provision that the King should supply a diploma of equal value.—Washington Post.

The University of Chicago has "cut out" the lamp of learning heretofore appearing on its seal. This would seem to be a direct slap at the Standard Oil Company.—Topeka Herald.

Talking about frenzied finance—how is it that New York legislators, with \$1,500 per annum, increase their bank accounts to \$25,000 in a single session?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

What boots the Czar's rescript, removing the more vexatious disabilities from the Poles and Lithuanians, when he is likely to recall it as soon as the wind changes?—Boston Transcript.

The Duke of Manchester condemns the American scramble for the almighty dollar, but sees nothing to censure in the British scramble for rich American heiresses.—Louisville Herald.

While so much is printed in the newspapers about Mr. Taft, the average citizen will feel like wondering what has become of the Vice-President. No notice of his death has been published.—Birmingham News.

Henry Clews gives a list of 22 men whose fortunes range from \$15,000,000 to \$500,000,000, but it is dollars to doughnuts that he did not base his estimates on any information gained at the assessor's offices.—Spokane Spokesman Review.

Ambassador Chouteau is still being assured by our kin across the water that he is a jolly good fellow. Mr. Chouteau is expected to bring home one of the most gigantic cases of dyspepsia that has ever been imported.—Chicago Record-Herald.

If Secretary Taft should ever hope for a new and an original coat of arms he might have a lid rampant, a President expectant, and a Bowen and Loomis squabble couchant as part of the arrangement, with a pretty kettle as a crest.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Outside of Chicago the country is weary of the strike and would gladly see it ended, though not directly concerned. In the matter of the public peace the whole country is concerned, and desires to see it maintained, whether the strike continues or not.—Pittsburg Gazette.

"The professors, the teachers in colleges and universities, these are the true aristocracy, these are the happiest men," says Andrew Carnegie. Beginning of their three months' vacation season convince two-week men that they are so in fact.—New York Evening World.

Lumber is ordered up the ladder another round or two by the Christian gentlemen forming the combine to whom, to quote Baer, the Almighty, in His infinite wisdom, has committed the lumber property of this nation that they may care for the comfort of His people.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Secretary Morton is reported to have said that the complaints about the railroads overcharging shippers are mostly unfounded. It is also reported that Mr. Morton is to retire from the Cabinet to re-enter the railroad business. Is there any connection between the two reports?—Oakland Tribune.

A Cleveland genius has invented a contrivance to prevent women from stepping off backward when they leave street cars. This is a good work. We hope the inventor will now turn his attention to the business of inventing some kind of a device that will keep tools from rocking boats.—Chicago Record-Herald.

President Roosevelt is peculiarly fortunate in having his Americanism on straight at all times. In the possession of that uncommon commodity known as common sense he is almost the richest man in public life in this country. And so long as he is able, by some odd process of intuition, to go as straight to the mark as he did in his Chicago speeches, he will command the respect of his countrymen and win new evidences of approval.—Detroit Free Press.

One inksand at \$500 is of itself a thing hardly worth talking about. But as an evidence of that vulgar ostentation in the details of government against which the founders of the republic set their face, it speaks volumes.—Boston Post.

Now that there is a discussion of safer means for the transportation of high explosives, interest centers in the method that will be employed in conveying Thomas W. Lawson from Boston to Ottawa, Kan., for his Fourth of July speech.—Indianapolis Star.



**Oklahoma a Wonderland.**  
Talk about resources! Oklahoma and Kay County can give all the world all the face cards and still win the game. Think of it! We boxcar millions of dollars' worth of produce from off the surface of the territory; fill train loads of barrels filled with oil, and now comes the report that a fellow near Law City has discovered that by running a gaspipe 200 feet in the air he can draw down by the use of a suction pump great hunks of rarified atmosphere, which he bottles up and expects to sell by the case to the felds, to be broken in the bedrooms of consumptives, dyspeptics and those troubled with asthma and bronchial ailments.

One fellow in Cleveland, O., who tried a bottle of the Oklahoma ozone got up the next morning feeling so good that he kicked the ensuing day out of the middle of the week, whipped his mother-in-law and walked thirty miles to settle with a fellow who let his chickens roam over his neighbor's garden in the spring. Indeed, Oklahoma is all right.

If you have started for Oklahoma, come through. A fortune awaits you. Resources lie awaiting development below the earth, on the earth and above the earth. Dakota and Canada may grow icebergs and teach her school children sculptural work in her snow banks, but she can't touch us in resources.—Braman, Ok., Leader.

#### Railroad Rate Legislation.

Testifying before the Senate committee at Washington, Interstate Commerce Commissioner Prouty said in discussing the proposition to give to that commission the power to regulate railroad rates:

"I think the railways should make their own rates. I think they should be allowed to develop their own business. I have never advocated any law, and I am not now in favor of any law, which would put the rate making power into the hands of any commission or any court. While it may be necessary to do that some time, while that is done in some States at the present time, while it is done in some countries, I am opposed to it. . . . The railway rate is property. It is all the property that the railway has got. The rest of its property is not good for anything unless it can charge a rate. Now it has always seemed to me that when a rate was fixed, if that rate was an unreasonable rate, it deprives the railroad company of its property pro tanto. It is not necessary that you should confiscate the property of a railroad; it is not necessary that you should say that it shall not earn three per cent or four per cent. When you put in a rate that is inherently unreasonable, you have deprived that company of its rights, of its property, and the Circuit Court of the United States has jurisdiction under the fourteenth amendment to restrain that. . . . I have looked at these cases a great many times, and I can only come to the conclusion that a railroad company is entitled to charge a fair and reasonable rate, and if any order of a commission, if any statute of a State Legislature takes away that rate, the fourteenth amendment protects the railway company."

#### Only a Fair Average.

Some sorts of computation are disconcerting. People who can always see that two and two make four are not invariably popular.

"How much you going to charge the Ransom folks for old Bill?" asked Mr. Martin's nearest neighbor, referring to the transfer of a well-seasoned horse.

"Seventy-five dollars," was the answer, given with visible reluctance.

The neighbor puckered his lips to whistle and then thought better of it. "Well, I don't know as that's high, considering Bill's age," he said, meditatively. "Let's see, that makes him come to about three dollars a year, don't it? Don't seem so exorbitant when you look at it that way, after all!"

#### Whacht She Gacht.

A young man who owned a yacht, asked a fair maid if she'd gacht. Make him happy for life. By becoming his wife. And she accepted him on the spot.

Two bottles of Pils' Cure for Consumption cured me of a terrible cough.—Fred Hermann, 209 Box avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1901.

Title and ancestry render a good man more illustrious, but an ill one more contemptible.—Addison.

A healthy old fellow, who is not a fool, is the happiest creature living.—Steele.

#### MISS MARIA DUCHARME.

Every Woman in America is Interested in This Young Girl's Experience.



#### PELVIC CATARRH WAS DESTROYING HER LIFE. PE-RU-NA SAVED HER.

Miss Maria Ducharme, 182 St. Elizabeth street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I am satisfied that thousands of women suffer because they do not realize how bad they really need treatment and feel a natural delicacy in consulting a physician."

"I felt badly for years, had terrible pains, and at times was unable to attend to my daily duties. I tried to cure myself, but finally my attention was called to an advertisement of Peru in a similar case to mine, and I decided to give it a trial."

"My improvement began as soon as I started to use Peru and soon I was a well woman. I feel that I owe my life and my health to your wonderful medicine and gratefully acknowledge this fact."—Maria Ducharme.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanatorium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence strictly confidential.

#### Curious Bird Ways.

But how birds know when to go, and which way to turn, are things not yet well understood, because the flights are at night and the great movements start a long time before it is really necessary for the birds to go. They leave their winter homes (perhaps in Mexico) when there is no perceptible change in the weather, and return from their breeding grounds in most cases while their food supply is at its very height—long before it is cold or the grass and weed seeds and insects begin to get scarce. In many cases, too, the young birds of the year, who have never left their homes before, lead the long procession in the great southward flight and are followed later by their parents.—St. Nicholas.

#### COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."

Poster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

#### Exact Definitions.

Young Hopeful—Father, what is a "traitor in politics?" This paper says Congressman Jayway is one.

Veteran Politician—A traitor is a man who leaves our party and goes over to the other one.

Young Hopeful—Well, then, what is a man who leaves the other party and comes over to ours?

Veteran Politician—A convert, my son.—Boston Transcript.

#### Injunction Is Issued.

A stringent injunction has been issued against the malignant activity of dyspepsia, amongst all people, by Dr. Caldwell's (taxative) Syrup Pepsin. Do not fail to invoke the powerful aid of this great enemy of all stomach and bowel disorder at the least sign of trouble in any of your digestive organs. It will promptly and surely set them right, and make you well. Try it.—Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails.

#### A Son's Suggestion.

Father (cutting the whip smartly through the air)—See, Tommy, how I make the horse go faster without striking him at all.

Tommy—Papa, why don't you spank us children that way?—Glasgow Times.

In a Pinch, Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes. It cures the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

#### Her Early Training.

First Rooter—What an exasperating slow delivery that new pitcher has. Second Rooter—Yes; I understand he began his career as a district messenger boy.

If during the marriage ceremony the wedding ring should fall down, the bride's fate will not be an enviable one.

#### EXPERT ON STREET CARS.

James Dalrymple, of Glasgow, Who Is Now in This Country.

James Dalrymple, who came to this country to help Edward Dunne, Chicago's Mayor, solve the problem of municipal control of street railways, is an expert in that line. He is at the head of Glasgow's splendid system. Mr. Dalrymple says:

"The publicly owned and operated street car system is not run to make money. This is a basic principle. In Glasgow we do not strive to so conduct the tramway system as to have a large surplus. We wish to provide for depreciation as a matter of course, and charge up 5 per cent to that account. Then we devote 2 per cent of the funds to the sinking fund. We have been doing this for eleven years and the obligation continues for nineteen years more."

"We also make provision for paying something into the employees' pension fund, but we do not hold fares up to a point where we would amass a large surplus. We have realized fares once and have never had a deficit. Glasgow perhaps got a better start on the right course than most cities, for we began building the nucleus of the present system in 1872, and have been gradually extending it ever since."

"At first the city leased the roads to a private corporation, whose tenure in our streets lasted for 23 years, ending June 30, 1894. This private company used horse cars and the service demanded a change. In this respect Glasgow was then like Chicago—the people demanded better service and asked the city to operate the trains. The city took over the lines and immediately started to improve and extend them. Gradually the road was electrified, and in three years, or between 1898 and 1901, the work of installing trolley cars was accomplished."

"The success of municipal operation and our policy of improving the service can be gathered when I say that in 1893 the Glasgow trams carried a total of 85,000,000 people, and in 1904 the total number of passengers was 200,000,000."

#### BUYING LABOR STRIKES.

The Chicago Grand Jury Slits Charges Made by Unions and Employers.

The grand jury at Chicago has been hearing sensational conspiracy to bribe stories told by President C. P. Shea of the Teamsters' Union, and its former president, Albert Young. The investigation has promised to unearth numerous scandals connected with the calling of strikes of teamsters during the past three years, as Shea told the inquisitors that few strikes of importance had been called in Chicago where the employers did not make offers of money to labor officials. Shea's statements were corroborated by Albert Young, former president of the Teamsters' National Union, who went before the grand jury and told of offers which had been made to him to call strikes on certain business houses.

According to Shea and Young, representatives of it great mail-order firm some months ago offered the former \$10,000 if he would bring about a strike of teamsters employed by a rival concern. Shea declares further that the strike of teamsters several years ago, by which owners of various big Chicago buildings were compelled to burn coal instead of gas in the summer months was instigated by certain coal dealers and that \$30,000 was paid by those dealers toward the expenses of the strike. Other cases of attempted bribery and of conspiracy are mentioned by him. He insists that offers of bribes to trades union officials by employers who wish to make use of them are common.

The charges caused a sensation among employers as well as among labor officials. At a meeting of the Employers' Association the subject was discussed, and Attorney Levy Mayer gave out an interview that the charges were being made by the labor men in an effort to cloud the strike issues, but that the employers would not be drawn into the controversy.

#### BONAPARTE TO HEAD NAVY.

Paul Morton's Successor Has a Record for Independence.

The announcement that Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland, grand nephew of Napoleon Bonaparte, will succeed Paul Morton as Secretary of the Navy, means another personal appointment by the President.

Mr. Bonaparte may be classed as a Roosevelt Republican, whose independence has made him many enemies. He is one of a coterie of men whom the President has long consulted.

In Maryland regarding national affairs over the heads of the machine leaders and he and his friends have been pointed out and put in training for a new State machine since the retirement of Senator McComas.

Bonaparte is an able lawyer and is expected to rise to a place of prominence in the cabinet. He has been closely associated with the President for many years, beginning with civil-service reform. He is reputed to be wealthy, is prominent socially, in accord with the President's naval policy and is generally regarded as likely to make an ideal cabinet officer. His career in the cabinet will at least be worth watching.

#### Notes of Current Events.

In a fight caused by jealousy about a woman Herman Faunter was stabbed to death at Smithton, Pa. Andrew Haydo has been arrested, charged with the crime.

The sum of \$2,700, balance of the amount offered for the capture of Jefferson Davis, which has been carried on the government books for years, will be used to honor the memories of the volunteer nurses of the Spanish war, if Secretary Taft can induce Congress to take this step.

## Backache, "The Blues"

Both Symptoms of Organic Derangement in Women—Thousands of Sufferers Find Relief.



How often do we hear women say: "It seems as though my back would break," or "Don't speak to me, I am all out of sorts?" These significant remarks prove that the system requires attention.

Backache and "the blues" are direct symptoms of an inward trouble which will sooner or later declare itself. It may be caused by diseased kidneys or some uterine derangement. Nature requires assistance and at once, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound instantly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women. It has been the standby of intelligent American women for twenty years, and the ablest specialists agree that it is the most universally successful remedy for woman's ills known to medicine.

The following letters from Mrs. Holmes and Mrs. Cotrely are among the many thousands which Mrs. Pinkham has received this year from those whom she has relieved.

Surely such testimony is convincing. Mrs. J. G. Holmes, of Larimore, North Dakota, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have suffered everything with backache and womb trouble—I let the trouble run on until my system was in such a condition that I was unable to be about, and then it was I commenced to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If I had only known how much suffering I would have saved, I should have taken it months sooner—for a few weeks' treatment made me well and strong. My backache and headaches are all gone, and I suffer no pain at my menstrual periods, whereas before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I suffered intense pain."

Mrs. Emma Cotrely, 109 East 12th Street, New York City, writes:

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

## Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality for over a quarter of a century has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE. The leader of all package coffees.

### Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a positive proof that LION COFFEE has the Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition. LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

**SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE**  
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

## Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

**Cascarets**  
CANDY CATHARTIC  
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP  
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

#### A Jealous Elephant.

A large elephant, formerly the center of attraction in a certain Zoo, found itself supplanted in public favor by a new arrival—a young camel. This camel was the latest acquisition, and very naturally engaged the attention of visitors.

The elephant for a long time showed signs of dissatisfaction, and at last his jealousy reached a point where it must find expression. When the usual crowd gathered about the camel the elephant prepared for action. He filled his trunk with water, and with deliberate aim discharged the water all over the people who stood looking at the baby camel.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children cures teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

At the present moment there are 104 monuments in Germany that have been completed to Prince Bismarck, while forty-four others are in process of construction or are planned.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy gave me prompt and complete relief from dyspepsia and indigestion."—J. J. Trowbridge, Madison, N. J.

## LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

STRAIGHT 5 CIGAR

ANYWHERE 7,000,000

Your Jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

PROFITS OVER 100%

SEND \$2.00 FOR SECRET FORMULA for making a celebrated, transparent, non-toxic soap. Can start business as originator with little money on a cooking stove. Address F. W. Chapman, P. O. Box 2918, Peoria, Ill.

#### YOUNG LADY

HANDSOME, artist's model, would marry a wealthy gentleman. Address, HELEN DENTON, Newark, N. J.

#### CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS CURED

without drugs or money refunded. While cost 50c, avoid error; send addressed stamped envelope. Address, BROWN CO., 4-189 Barry, Fort Wayne, Ind.

#### IOWA FARMS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

schools, churches, telephone lines, R. F. D. routes. Easy terms. Write, G. W. Thompson, Peoria, Ill.

#### LADIES EARN \$25 WEEKLY

No capital to buy or sell. Mail order. Address, MARSH CO., WHITING, KANSAS.

S. N. U. No. 23-1905

For writing in Advertisers, please do not fill in name. Put your name in the Advertiser in this paper.

#### PISO'S CURE FOR

Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Eczema, Scabies, Ringworm, etc. Sold by Druggists.

CONSUMPTION

asked me why I did not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She assured me that they had proved of the greatest benefit in the case of her daughter. In fact, she praised them so enthusiastically that my husband got me a box."

"And what was the result?"  
"Before I had taken half of the first box my condition was greatly improved. The quickness with which they reached and relieved all my troubles was really surprising. After I had used only three boxes I had no more heat-flashes or weak spells. Thanks to them, I have become a well woman."

Mrs. Mary D. Murphy lives at No. 1903 Force street, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy which she found so satisfactory, furnish directly to the blood the elements that give vigor to every tissue of the body. They can be depended on to revive failing strength, and to banish nervousness. Their tonic properties are absolutely unsurpassed.

As soon as there is drag, or dizziness, or pallor, or poor circulation, or disordered digestion, or restlessness, or pains, or irregularities of any kind these famous pills should be used. They have cured the most obstinate cases of anemia, dyspepsia, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous prostration and even partial paralysis. If you desire information specially suited to your own case write directly to the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Every woman should have a copy of Dr. Williams' "Plain Talks to Women," which will be mailed free to any address on request. Any druggist can supply the pills.

#### Imitate the Czar's Army.

Unfortunately as the Russian soldiers have been in the present war, they have the consolation of knowing that their tactics are greatly admired by the troops of the Emir of Bokhara.

A French traveler in Asia reports that the favorite military exercise of the Emir's warriors is to lie on their backs at the sound of the trumpet and kick their legs in the air. Perplexed by this singular action, the visitor made inquiries and found that it was borrowed from the Russians, who, when they were subduing Bokhara, had to wade through many streams, and, when they reached dry ground, used to lie on their backs to shake the water out of their boots.

Greatly struck by this performance, the natives took it to be a sign of military efficiency, and hastened to strengthen their own fighting force by adopting it.

#### To Wash Lace Collars.

Shave Ivory Soap in boiling water; add a pinch of soda and drop the collar in, stirring it until the dirt is removed. Rinse in a pint of hot water to which has been added a teaspoonful of gum arabic and a few drops of coffee or real Indian tea. To iron, pick out and press on white flannel, press with a moderately hot iron.

ELEANOR H. PARKER.

A fleet of vessels is engaged from January to August each year in the capture of sharks near Iceland. Only the livers are sought. That of each yields five gallons of oil, which has medicinal virtues resembling those of cod liver oil.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Little*

**PENSION** JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Write Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau, State Capitol, War, to obtain list of claims, etc.

**AUNT BESSIE'S CORN CURE** BEAT known. Why suffer pain when you can be cured? Price 5c. Address CLARK'S REMEDIES, Malden, Mass., U. S. A.

S. N. U. No. 23-1905

**BASEBALL** When in Chicago visit National League Park, New York vs. Chicago, June 11, 19, 18, 16.

**Libby's**  
Natural Flavor  
Food Products

The sparkling flavor and satisfying quality of LIBBY'S POTTED AND DEVILED MEATS is due to the skill of the Libby chefs and to the purity and strength of the ingredients used.

**Libby's (Natural Flavor) Food Products**  
For Breakfast, Dinner and Supper.  
Corned Beef Hash      Baked Beef      Boneless Chicken  
Veal Loaf      Soups      Vienna Sausage

They are ready to serve—Your Grocer has them  
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



## BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,  
AND DO A GENERAL  
BANKING BUSINESS.

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH  
Lv. Chicago. 8:35 AM—No. 6, Daily except Sunday 8:40 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily except Sunday 1:35 PM  
4:30 PM—No. 13, Daily 4:35 PM  
8:30 AM—Sunday Special 8:35 AM  
2:45 AM

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch. 6:37 AM—Daily except Sunday 6:40 AM  
7:35 AM—No. 14, Daily 7:40 AM  
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily except Sunday 11:20 AM  
4:20 PM—No. 9, Daily except Sunday 4:25 PM  
8:05 PM—No. 2, Daily 8:10 PM  
6:22 PM—Sunday Special 6:25 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.  
GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.  
J. C. JAMES, JR., V. G.  
C. M. CONNER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.  
The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

## IN THE CRADLE OF TEARS.

### Strange Cradle in Which Are Placed Griefs of the World.

There is a cradle within the door of one of the great institutions of New York before which a constantly recurring tragedy is being enacted. It is a plain cradle, quite simply draped in white, but with such a look of cozy comfort about it that one would scarcely suspect it to be a cradle of sorrow.

And this cradle is the most useful and, in a way, the most inhabited cradle in the world. Day after day, and year after year, it is the recipient of more small wayfaring souls than any other cradle in the history of the race. In it the real children of sorrow are placed and over it more tears are shed than if it were an open grave.

It is the place where annually 1,200 foundlings are placed—the silent witness of more heartbreaking scenes than any other cradle since the world began. For nearly thirty-five years it has stood where it does today, ready-draped, open, while as many thousand mothers have stolen shamefacedly about, and after looking hopelessly about, have laid their helpless offspring within its depths.

For thirty-five years, summer and winter, in the bitterest cold and the most stifling heat, it has seen them come—the poor, the rich; the humble, the proud; the beautiful, the homely—and one by one they have laid their children down and brooded over them, whether it were possible for human love to make so great a sacrifice and yet not die.

Still the tragedy repeats itself and, year after year and day after day, the unlocked door is opened and de-throned virtue enters—the victim of ignorance and passion and affection, and a child is robbed of an honorable home.—Tom Watson's Magazine.

### Ten Years in Bed.

R. A. Gray, J. P., Oakville, Ind., writes: "For ten years I was confined to my bed with disease of my kidneys. It was so severe that I could not move part of the time. I consulted the very best medical skill available, but could get no relief until Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended to me. It has been a Godsend to me." Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Is This True?

It is very queer, but not the true, that people are, generally, quite as vain, or even more so, of their deficiencies than of their available gifts.—Nathaniel Hawthorne.

### A Bad Scare.

Some day you will get a bad scare, when you feel a pain in your bowels, and fear appendicitis. Safety lies in Dr. King's New Life Pills, a sure cure, for all bowel and stomach diseases, such as headache, biliousness, costiveness, etc. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, only 25c cents. Try them.

### An Alphabetical Marvel.

Little Irma had been on an excursion to her father's downtown office and saw for the first time a typewriter in use. "Oh, mamma," she said on her return home, "don't you know, I saw the funniest sewing machine down to papa's office. It sewed A, B, C's!"—Lippincott's.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's  
New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION  
COUGHS AND  
COLD

Price  
50c & \$1.00  
Free Trial.

Best and Quickest Cure for all  
THROAT AND LUNG TROU-  
LES, OR MONEY BACK.

## ANIMALS NEVER IN IDLENESS.

They Reap Not, Neither Do They Spin,  
but Are Always Busy.

How is it that birds and beasts manage to pass through life without succumbing to ennui, or at least without being bored nearly to death? asks the Indian Times. Animals, as a rule, do not loaf; it is not thus that they solve the problem. Loafing is an art which but few living creatures understand. Lizards, crocodiles and charrasales are the greatest authorities on the subject. Animals have acquired the knack of making much ado about nothing; they have learned to be very busy without doing anything. This accomplishment obviously differs from that of loafing. It is one which animals have brought to perfection, and of which many human beings—chiefly women—are very able exponents. There is overhead a wasp busy exploring the holes in the trunk of a tree. Why he does this he probably does not know; he has no time to stop and think. He is quite content to explore away as though his life depended upon it. Five times within the last six minutes he has minutely inspected every portion of the same hole. All this labor is useless, in a sense. Without it, however, the wasp would in all probability die of ennui. The wasp is not an isolated case. Most animals are experts at frittering away time; they spend much of their lives in activity doing nothing. Watch a canary in a cage. He hops backward and forward between two perches as though he was paid by the distance for doing so. Look at a butterfly. He leads an aimless existence. Nevertheless he is always busy. A bee probably visits twenty times as many flowers in a day as a butterfly; for all that the butterfly is always on the move.

### Was Wasting Away.

The following letter from Robert R. Watts, of Salem, Mo., is instructive: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years. I lost flesh and never felt well and doctored with leading physicians and tried all remedies suggested without relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am now sound and well." Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Cheerfulness in the Home.

The gospel of happiness is one that every woman should lay to heart. What it means to a man to come home at night to a cheerful wife no one but he who has had to fight the hard battle of life knows. If he is prosperous it is an added joy, but it is in misfortune that it shines like a star in the darkness. A complaining wife can kill the last bit of hope and courage in a sorely troubled heart, while a cheerful one gives new courage to begin the fight over again.—Exchange.

### Huge Task.

It was a huge task, to undertake the cure of such a bad case of kidney disease, as that of C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Ia., but Electric Bitters did it. He writes: "My kidneys were so far gone, I could not sit on a chair without a cushion; and suffered from dreadful backache, headache, and depression. In Electric Bitters, however, I found a cure, and by them was restored to perfect health. I recommend this great tonic medicine to all with weak kidneys, liver or stomach. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist; price 50c.

### Postage Stamp of Small Value.

The Filipinos may justly lay claim to having used the postage stamp of smallest intrinsic value ever issued by any country. The stamp of the denomination of one millimesa is worth in our currency only one-twentieth of 1 cent, in fact, grading upward from the one-millimesa value there are five intermediate denominations before the value of two centavos, equivalent to our 1-cent is reached.



This great stock medicine is a money saver for stock raisers. It is a medicine, not a cheap food or condition powder. Though put up in coarser form than Theodor's Black-Draught, renowned for the cure of the digestion troubles of persons, it has the same qualities of invigorating digestion, stirring up the torpid liver and loosening the constipated bowels for all stock and poultry. It is carefully prepared and its action is so healthful that stock grow and thrive with an occasional dose in their food. It cures hog cholera and makes hogs grow fat. It cures chicken cholera, and roup and makes hens lay. It cures constipation, distemper and colds in horses, murrain in cattle, and makes a draught animal do more work for the food consumed. It gives animals and fowls of all kinds new life. Every farmer and raiser should certainly give it a trial.  
It costs 25c. a can, and saves ten times its price in profit.

Pittsburg, Kas., March 23, 1904.

I have been using your Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine on my stock for some time. I have used all kinds of stock food but I have found that yours is the best for my purpose.  
J. S. HASSON.

# FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Kidney and Bladder Diseases in Every Form—Many People Have Kidney Trouble and Do Not Know It.

### HOW TO FIND OUT.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter and purify the blood which is constantly passing through them.

When the kidneys are out of order the other organs are affected immediately and you may have symptoms of heart trouble, stomach and liver trouble, and other ailments, which are all owing to the kidneys being weak and out of order.

If you are sick **Foley's Kidney Cure** will strengthen and build up the worn out tissues of the kidneys so they will act properly and the symptoms of weakness, heart, stomach and liver trouble will disappear and you will be restored to perfect health.

### How to Tell if You Have Kidney Trouble.

You can easily determine if your kidneys are out of order by setting aside for 24 hours a bottle of the urine passed upon arising. If upon examination it is cloudy or milky or has a brick-dust sediment or small particles float about in it, your kidneys are diseased and **Foley's Kidney Cure** should be taken at once.

**Foley's Kidney Cure** is pleasant to take and acts directly upon the parts affected and you begin to feel better at once.

It corrects slight disorders in a few days and it has cured many obstinate cases after other treatment had failed.

### Doctors Said He Would Not Live.

Peter Frey, of Woodruff, Pa., writes: "After doctoring for two years with the best physicians in Waynesburg, and still getting worse, the doctors advised me if I had any business to attend to I had better attend to it at once, as I could not possibly live another month, as there was no cure for me. **Foley's Kidney Cure** was recommended to me by a friend, and I immediately sent my son to the store for it and after taking three bottles I began to get better and continued to improve until I was entirely well."

Two Sizes, 50c and \$1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY  
**JAMES H. SWAN**

### THE DEAD FRIEND EXHIBITED.

Announcement of Undertaker Rather Out of Place.

My father was a member for several years of the New Hampshire and Vermont Methodist Episcopal conferences, says a writer in the Boston Herald. In common with all country pastors, he had some laughable experiences, and he never failed to see the point in each one.

At one time he was called to attend the funeral of a man who had been well known and highly respected by his townspeople. 'Twas a delightful summer day, and the attendance of friends was large and crowded the small farmhouse, so it was decided to place the casket in the front yard.

The undertaker was a man of good intentions, but not gifted in speech, and when the time came for the friends to view the remains he electrified the officiating clergyman and some others by extending the invitation in this manner:

"The house being small, our dead friend will be exhibited outdoors."

### Interesting to Asthma Sufferers.

Daniel Baute, of Ottumwa, Iowa, writes: "I have had asthma for three or four years and have tried about all the cough and asthma cures in the market and have received treatment from physicians in New York and other cities, but got very little benefit until I tried **Foley's Honey and Tar** which gave me immediate relief and will never be without it in my house. I sincerely recommend it to all. Sold by J. H. Swan.

### Keep Serene.

When you come to think of it, most of us do have a hard time keeping ourselves in order. Temper, nerves, selfishness, and longings, ambitions and desires, all insuring to have a hearing, and down steps wisdom and order control. Of course there are the cool-headed, intellectual people to whom self-sacrifice means nothing, and little they know of the fight of the other passionate half. Ill health and discontent are the fruits of the battle. Keep serene, say "I shall control myself and be a cheerful philosopher" and all will go well.—New York Post.

### Astronomer's Strange Diet.

The eminent French astronomer, Lalande, either really possessed, or else affected, an excessive fondness for spiders and caterpillars as articles of diet, and would eat them with apparent relish. He always carried a supply of these insects about with him in a bonbonniere.—Critic.

The Engine's Song.  
Through the city and forest and field and plain  
I rush with the roaring train;  
My strength is the strength of a thousand men,  
My brain is my master's brain.

I borrow the senses of him within  
Who watches the gleaming line;  
His pulses I feel through my frame of steel,  
His courage and will are mine.

I hear, as I swerve on the upland curve,  
The echoing hills rejoice  
To answer the knell of my brazen bell,  
The laugh of my giant voice.

And, white in the glare of the golden ray  
Or red in the furnace light,  
My smoke is a pillar of cloud by day,  
A pillar of flame by night.

—Four Track News.

### WHAT HE WOULD DO.

Soldier's Course in Event of His Being Suddenly Awakened.

Of Col. John C. Hayes, who served with distinction under Gen. Winfield Scott in the Mexican war, an amusing story is told by T. E. Farish in his "Gold Hunters of California." Hayes with his command, had been out scouting. On his return he made no report to Gen. Scott, who sent for him. Gen. Scott was a veritable martinet in enforcing military discipline. After Hayes was seated in the commander's headquarters, Scott said: "Col. Hayes, I have received no report of your expedition against the padre." "I did not think it worth while," said Hayes. "Every officer of the army is required to make a full report of everything to his superior officer. Please make your report verbally."

Hayes began by saying that he struck the padre's trail on a certain day, followed it for two days and on the third day, while his command was resting at noon and taking their siesta, the old padre came down on them. The "boys" gathered themselves together and whipped the Mexicans off, killing quite a number of the padre's command. His own loss was insignificant, one killed and three wounded. "Surprised you, eh?" queried Scott. "Yes; we were not expecting him." "Where were your pickets?" "Did not have any."

"What!" shouted Gen. Scott. "A colonel in the regular army of the United States go into camp in the heart of the enemy's country and never place a picket on guard? What would you do if surprised when asleep?" "Shoot the first man that waked me up," was the cool reply.

### THE BIG COCOA PALM.

Grow in Salty Soil, Defying Hurricanes of the Tropics.

The cocoanut means a great deal to the West Indian negro, says Country Life. A dark-skinned man ran lightly up the tall stem, with suspiciously prehensile feet, stopping at the fruit cluster to select and pull off a great nut, which he tossed to the ground. I examined it with curiosity, for it was little enough like the cocoanut of the stores in the north. A smooth green covering, hard, impervious to anything but a heavy knife—no wonder the cocoanut palm spreads among these islands! Boat-shaped, in a sense; light enough to float easily, the big seed is always ready for a sea voyage. Cast ashore on a sandy beach, it quickly germinates and holds fast in the salty soil, soon growing to its estate of beauty and fruitfulness and able to defy the hurricanes of the tropics.

Restful as were the isolated cocoanut palms, it was not until I came upon a real grove of them that I could fully appreciate the tropical latitude. A visit to "Crusoe beach," fringed by the great palms, hanging full of heavy nuts, with liberty to wander where the sandy ground—it was winter, mind you!—was covered, not with fallen leaves of oak and beech, but with great fronds eight or ten feet long drooping from the clean-stemmed giants with feather-duster heads—this took away the last memory of the ice-bound and coal-smoked north.

### REDEEMS ALL BAD MONEY.

New York Church Member Keeps Collections at Par.

"We have a member of this congregation," said an usher in a Lexington avenue church, according to the New York Press, "who contributes to its support in an unusual way. He pays his pew rent all right, but he has a rooted objection to dropping a coin in the collection plate. No matter whether the contribution is for church expenses or for foreign missions, this man ducks the plate when it passes his pew. He says he abhors 'giving alms before men.' But he redeems all the bad money that others drop into the plate as a way of getting even with his conscience.

"When the collection is counted all the bad coin is picked out and given to the treasurer of the church. Some Sundays there is a good deal of it. It seems as though men and women who have Canadian dimes and quarters, mutilated coins of all denominations and money that was never made in the mint feel justified in dropping it into the collection box. When the treasurer gets a handful of this money he calls the old man into the vestry after the Wednesday evening prayer meeting and gets good money for it. The old man puts the bad coin in his pocket and takes it home."

### Irish Alphabet.

The Irish language has only eighteen letters. Sometimes each letter is written separately and not joined together. The chief difficulty in learning Irish is that there are innumerable abbreviations for words and phrases. The Irish language is non-phonetic, the words rarely being a key to the correct pronunciation.

## THEY ARE MOST RELIGIOUS.

Chinese Declared to Be by One Who Has Made a Study of Them.

How little the white man, especially the majority of those of us who go forth as missionaries to "convert the heathen," comprehend the Chinese character! To the student of Chinese institutions, and the Chinese themselves, it seems outrageous presumption, for the truth is that the Chinese are without doubt the most religious people on the globe, says a writer in Outlook. Their religion is a very part of themselves, accepted without discussion from birth. The veriest pauper, from a worldly point of view, who lives on one of the hundreds of sampans floating before Canton, will deny himself in order that he may perform a particular religious duty. There are no people save the Mohammedans that so completely live up to the faith they profess. China has no divergent churches, no wrangling apostles; there is the one creed, of thousands of years standing, to which all yield allegiance and to which all pin a faith that continues unto death incontrovertible. Now and again we hear of a "converted" Chinaman; but I never saw one that had really broken from the faith of his fathers who was not the least trustworthy. In a considerable experience with many kinds of natives in the wilderness of their own country, I have invariably found the ones farthest from "civilization" and the "converting" influence of conflicting, white man creeds, to be the most honorable and dependable. I mean this as no unkind reflection upon the Christian faith or upon the zeal, often, alas, so ignorantly directed, of many good people.

### "GOOD MEN" IN DEMAND.

Always Room at the Front for Faithful Workers.

There was a man in town the other day who formerly worked in Atchison for \$100 a month, says the Atchison Globe. He now receives a salary of \$10,000 a year, and he doesn't work as hard as he did when he lived in Atchison.

This man is no great genius; he is simply a "good man," and there are thousands of such. Being a "good man" means that a man is industrious, loyal, intelligent and well-behaved. It is easier to be a "good man" than it is to be a bad one. There is a scarcity of "good men," and those who are patient and work away the best they can are always recognized and substantially rewarded. The man who never does his share, who is willing to impose on his office or shop associates, never comes to the front.

The point we desire to emphasize is that it is easier to be a "good man" than it is to be a bad one. You must live, so why not live in the easiest way? The easiest way is to be a "good man." That is, to do your work faithfully, intelligently and honestly and treat yourself and others right.

### Dying of Famine

is, in its torments, like dying of consumption. The progress of consumption, from the beginning to the very end, is a long torture, both to victim and friends. "When I had consumption in its first stage," writes Wm. Meyers, of Cearfoss, Md., "after trying different medicines and a good doctor, in vain. I at last took Dr. King's New Discovery, which quickly and perfectly cured me." Prompt relief and sure cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, etc. Positively prevents pneumonia. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, price 50c and \$1 a bottle. Trial bottle free.

### EVIDENTLY MEANT FOR THEM.

Clergyman's Vain Endeavor to Get Rid of Fine Turkey.

A popular minister in Fifeshire, in the good old times, used at Christmas to be inundated with hampers filled with good things, says Tit-Bits. On one occasion an enormous turkey was sent to him by the thoughtful kindness of a member of his congregation, a neighboring farmer, but, as the minister's family had already provided for the Christmas dinner, the bird was sent to the market and sold. A passer-by, seeing this fine specimen of poultry said, "What a splendid turkey! Just the thing for the minister's Christmas dinner!" To the minister it was again sent.

The provident wife sent it off again to the market, where it was once more disposed of for a handsome sum. Another friend, similarly struck with the splendid proportions of the turkey, purchased it and sent it to the minister. The good woman, not wishing to fly in the face of providence, said at last:

"It is clear that this turkey was meant for us," and with the approbation of the family it formed part of the Christmas dinner.

### What Fatigue Really Is.

Tiredness is as natural a condition of life as is the ability to perform work, writes Andrew Wilson in the Illustrated London News. It is nature's signal that rest and repose are necessary in order to recuperate the vital powers. Think for a moment of the supply of nourishment (which means the giving of energy or "the power of doing work") to any part. The healthy frame receives its due quota of food materials, and out of them builds up its substance and obtains its working power. But the supply of energy is not constant. Hence, after a certain exhaustion of the store it originally possessed, the human engine demands more coal and water. Fatigue is the signal-manual which authorizes the fresh supply.



"Lawson's associates will not talk," says a Boston dispatch. Lawson's associates probably do not get a chance.—Washington Post.

Admiral Beresford wants the United States and Great Britain to have one flag. Judgment will be suspended until the Admiral specifies the flag.—Mill

### NOT INSULT TO WASHINGTON.

Janitor Got in Trouble Through Too Much Forethought.

The principal of a high school in Jersey suddenly ordered all classes to assemble in the auditorium, and when teachers and pupils, in amazement, were gathered together before him, addressed them on "George Washington, the Father of Our Country," says the New York Press. In dusting his encomiums on the immortal George, he said: "The bust of George Washington which stood upon the pedestal in the reception room has been removed and placed upon the floor with its face in the corner. Until the culprit, whoever he or she may be, comes to the front and makes a public confession of the misdemeanor, not a soul will be permitted to leave this building! Remember—there will be no other punishment imposed than the open and public confession!"

Sensational! Teachers glanced at teachers, pupils adged around in affright, the principal looked solemn and funereal. If that old pin had dropped every one would have heard it. Then the janitor arose and stepped forward to break the awful silence. "I'm afraid it's up to me, sir," he said. "The roof was leaking mightily bad, and the bust of Mister Washington were in the drip, and I thought proper to move it to keep the rain from spillin' it, and I meant no insult by turnin' his face to the wall, sir." The principal, a man of talent and some brains, tapped the bell and dismissed the school without further questioning.

### ANSWER WAS BEFORE HIM.

Query of Phillips Brooks That Seemed Unnecessary.

It will not be difficult for Bostonians to recall the excitement caused some years since by an enterprising tailoring establishment known to fame for its importunate propounding of the question, "Do you wear pants?" which greeted the eye at every turn. When this furor of advertising was at its height, his lordship the Rt. Rev. Mr. Courtney, then but recently created bishop of Halifax, paid his first visit to his former home, Boston, where, for a number of years he had been rector of St. Paul's, Tremont street, which post he had left for the higher dignity in Nova Scotia.

He appeared on the street in the conventional dress of an English bishop, including the long black stockings and knee breeches. Thus attired he was met by the Rev. Phillips Brooks, who paused before him and gazed at tentatively at the unusual figure thus presented. The eyes of the distin, guished Boston clergyman traveled slowly down the tall form of his late colleague in the ministry until they rested upon his nether extremities, then, extending his hand, he inquired, solemnly: "Do you wear pants?"

### Gave Sun Permission to Set.

"One of the odd things that I saw in the trip up the east coast of Africa was the permission given each day by one of the kings for the sun to set," said T. A. Rose, who recently made a trip to South Africa, says the Milwaukee sentinel. "At one of the ports where we stopped the soldiers were drawn up on the parade ground before the royal palace as the sun was setting. With pomp and ceremony the ruler advanced to the front of the balcony on the second floor and majestically waved his hand toward the sun.

"One of his subjects explained to me that it was the royal sanction for the sun to set. When asked as to whether the ruler gave his permission for the sun to rise in the morning the man replied that the sun must always rise before the ruler, but that it never could go down unless the royal hand waved approval. The king who did this was the sultan of Zanzibar.

"I hardly believe that he himself was sincere in thinking his permission necessary, for he was educated for four years at Harrow College in England, but the performance was to increase the belief among the subjects in his divine origin."

### Prefer Black Teeth.

The trade of tooth-stainer, followed in eastern Asia, is as odd a calling as any. The natives prefer black teeth to the whiter kind, and the tooth-stainer, with a little box of brushes and coloring matter calls on his customers and stains their teeth. The process is not unlike that of blacking a boot, for a fine polish is given to the teeth. The pigment is harmless.

### Trees Furnish Water.

No one need die of thirst in Australia if eucalyptus trees are near. By cutting a sapling into sections of about ten feet and standing them perpendicularly with the small ends down, half a pint of water may be obtained in fifteen minutes.